ABSTRAK


Alat ukur yang digunakan untuk mengukur derajat depresi adalah kuesioner BDI-II yang terdiri dari 21 item yang disusun oleh Aaron Beck (1992) dan dimodifikasi oleh peneliti. Kuesioner ini menjangkau 4 gejala dari derajat depresi. Untuk mengukur validitas alat ukur digunakan Rank Spearman (0,458 - 0,634) dan reliabilitas alat ukur digunakan Alpha Cronbach (0,9042). Sampel yang digunakan untuk mengukur validitas dan reliabilitas alat ukur sebanyak 714 orang.

Secara teoritis, terdapat faktor internal dan eksternal yang mempengaruhi perbedaan derajat depresi pada setiap penderita PJK, yaitu usia, jenis kelamin, pengetahuan dan informasi mengenai PJK, latar belakang pendidikan, status ekonomi, lamanya pengobatan atau terapi, dan lamanya waktu diagnosa, namun dari hasil penelitian yang telah dilakukan hanya jenis kelamin, latar belakang pendidikan, pengobatan yang dijalani dan waktu diagnosa yang mempengaruhi derajat depresi.

Dalam hasil penelitian dapat dilihat bahwa dari 86 responden PJK, 58% responden yang tergolong normal. Sehingga dari hal tersebut dapat dilihat bahwa penderita PJK ada juga yang mengalami depresi walaupun tidak semuanya. Dari hal ini dapat disarankan bagi dokter, perawat, atau keluarga penderita untuk lebih memperhatikan keadaan penderita.
This research was conducted to determine how the degree of depression patients Coronary Heart Disease (CHD) in Bandung. The population of this study was that CHD patients in Bandung (from several hospitals combined), with a sample of the study 86 patients. This study used a descriptive design and sampling done by purposive sampling and snowball sampling.

Measuring instrument used to measure the degree of depression is the BDI-II questionnaire consisting of 21 items compiled by Aaron Beck (1992) and modified by researchers. This questionnaire is to capture four symptoms of the degree of depression. To measure the validity of measuring instruments used Spearman Rank (0.458 to 0.634) and the reliability of measuring instruments used Cronbach Alpha (0.9042). Samples used to measure the validity and reliability of measuring instruments as much as 714 people.

Theoretically, there are internal and external factors affecting the difference in the degree of depression in each patient's CHD, the age, gender, knowledge and information about CHD, educational background, economic status, duration of treatment or therapy, and duration of diagnosis, but the results research has been done only gender, educational background, medical diagnoses traveled and time that affect the degree of depression.

The research results can be seen that out of 86 respondents CHD, 58% of respondents classified as normal. So from this can be seen that there CHD patients also experience depression, although not all of them. From this it can be suggested to doctors, nurses, or patient's family to pay more attention to the patient's condition.
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