

ABSTRAK

EFEK EKSTRAK ETANOL DAUN KEMUNING (*Murraya paniculata* (L.) Jack) TERHADAP KADAR KOLESTEROL LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN (LDL) DARAH TIKUS PUTIH JANTAN GALUR WISTAR

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Dislipidemia merupakan salah satu faktor risiko terjadinya penyakit kardiovaskular. Penatalaksanaan dislipidemia selain dengan obat sintetis dapat pula dengan herbal sebagai terapi suportif, salah satunya menggunakan daun kemuning.

Tujuan penelitian adalah untuk menilai efek ekstrak etanol daun kemuning (EEDK) terhadap penurunan kadar kolesterol *LDL* darah tikus putih Wistar jantan.

Metode penelitian eksperimental laboratorik sungguhan dengan Rancangan Acak Lengkap (RAL) menggunakan 30 ekor tikus putih Wistar jantan yang diinduksi secara eksogen dengan pakan tinggi lemak (PTL) dan secara endogen dengan *propylthiouracil* (PTU). Hewan coba dibagi dalam 6 kelompok ($n=5$) yaitu kelompok I, II, dan III diberi PTL + PTU 0,01% + EEDK dosis 100 mg/kgBB, 200 mg/kgBB, dan 400 mg/kgBB, kelompok IV (kontrol negatif) diberi pakan standar, kelompok V (kontrol positif) diberi PTL + PTU 0,01% dan kelompok VI (kontrol banding) diberi PTL + PTU 0,01% + Simvastatin dosis 0,9 mg/kgBB. Perlakuan diberikan setiap hari selama 14 hari. Data yang diukur kadar kolesterol *LDL* darah (mg/dL) sesudah perlakuan dianalisis dengan ANAVA, dilanjutkan dengan Uji Tukey *HSD*, $\alpha=0,05$.

Hasil penelitian kadar kolesterol *LDL* darah sesudah perlakuan pada kelompok I (10,8 mg/dL), II (10,6 mg/dL), dan III (10,4 mg/dL) lebih rendah dibandingkan kelompok V (15 mg/dL) dengan perbedaan yang bermakna ($p<0,05$).

Simpulan penelitian EEDK berfungsi menurunkan kadar kolesterol *LDL* darah tikus putih Wistar jantan.

Kata Kunci : dislipidemia, ekstrak etanol daun kemuning, kolesterol *LDL*

ABSTRACT

THE EFFECT OF ETHANOL EXTRACT OF KEMUNING LEAVE (*Murraya paniculata* (L.) Jack) ON THE BLOOD LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN (LDL) CHOLESTEROL LEVEL IN MALE WISTAR WHITE RAT

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Dyslipidemia is a risk factor for cardiovascular disease. Management of dyslipidemia in addition to synthetic drugs could also be the herb as supportive therapy, one of which uses kemuning leaves.

Objective of the research to find out the effect of ethanol extract of kemuning leave (EEKL) on decreasing the blood LDL cholesterol level in dyslipidemia male wistar white rat.

The method of the research is true laboratory experiments with a comparative Completely Randomized Design (CRD) which used 30 male Wistar white rats induced exogenously by high-fat feed (HFF) and endogenously with propylthiouracil (PTU). Experimental animals were divided into 6 groups ($n = 5$), group I, II, and III are given HFF + 0.01% PTU + EEKL with doses 100 mg/kgBW, 200 mg/kgBW, and 400 mg/kgBW, group IV (negative control) were feed a standard, group V (positive control) were given HFF + 0.01% PTU and group VI (comparative control) were given HFF + 0.01% PTU + simvastatin with dose 0.9 mg/kgBW. Treatment was given daily for 14 days. The blood LDL cholesterol level (mg/dl) is measured after treatment. Analysis by using ANOVA and continued by Tukey HSD, $\alpha=0.05$.

The results of this study show that after treatment blood LDL cholesterol levels in group I (10.8 mg / dL), II (10.6 mg / dL), and III (10.4 mg / dL) lower than group V (15 mg / dL) with significant difference ($p<0.05$).

Conclusion of this research is ethanol extract of kemuning has effect to decrease the blood LDL cholesterol level in male Wistar white rat.

Key words : dyslipidemia, ethanol extract of kemuning leave, blood LDL cholesterol level.

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