

```

%*****
%*****BINARY PHASE SHIFT KEYING*****
%*****DIRECT SEQUENCE SPREAD SEQUENCE*****
%*****Sinyal yang dipancarkan tidak dimasukkan gangguan*****
%*****

```

```
function program1
```

```

f_data=1;
f_chip=11;
fc=220;
fs=fc*3;
N=fs/f_chip;
data=1000;
M=2;

```

```

matches=0;
errors=0;
count=1;

```

```

SNRpbit=0;
SNR=SNRpbit;
rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

```

```
numplot=100;
```

```

input=randsrc(data,1,[0:M-1]);
figure(1);
plot(input)
title('Sinyal Input');xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

PN_sequence=randsrc(11,1,[0:1]);
figure(2);
plot(PN_sequence)
title('Sinyal PN Sequence Pengirim');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

% Spreading
j=1;
for i = 1:data
    for k = j:j+f_chip
        spreading(k) = input(i);
    end;
    spreading(j:(j+f_chip-1)) = xor(spreading(j:(j+f_chip-1)),PN_sequence(1:f_chip));
    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;

len_spreading=length(spreading);

% Modulasi
tx=dmod(spreading,fc,f_chip,fs,'psk',M);
len_tx=length(tx);
figure(3);
plot(tx)
title('Sinyal yang Dipancarkan');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

SNR=SNRpbit;
rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

% Tanpa Noise Sinyal yang dipancarkan = Sinyal yang diterima

rx= tx;
figure(4);
plot(rx)
title('Sinyal yang Diterima');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Demodulasi
demod=ddemod(rx,fc,f_chip,fs,'psk',M);
figure(5);
plot(demod)
title('Sinyal Demodulasi');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

% Despreading
j=1;
for i = 1:data
    demod(j:(j+f_chip-1)) = xor(demod(j:(j+f_chip-1)),PN_sequence(1:f_chip));
    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;

j=1;
for i = 1:data
    sum=0;

    for k = j:j+f_chip-1
        sum=sum+demod(k);
    end;
    if (sum >=f_chip/2)
        output(i)=1;
    else
        output(i)=0;
    end;
    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;
t=1:length(input);
figure(6);
plot(output)
title('Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

figure(7);
plot(t,output(1:length(t)),'r-')
hold on
plot(t,input(1:length(t)),'b-')
title('Sinyal Input Banding Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```
% Menghitung Error

for i=1:data;
    if (output(1,i)== input(i,1))
        matches=matches+1;
    else
        errors=errors+1;
    end ;
end;
matches
errors
```

```
BER=errors/data
```

```

%*****
%*****BINARY PHASE SHIFT KEYING*****
%*****DIRECT SEQUENCE SPREAD SEQUENCE*****
%*****Sinyal yang diterima bercampur dengan sinyal White Noise*****
%*****

```

```
function program_utama
```

```

f_data=1;
f_chip=11;
fc=220;
fs=fc*3;
N=fs/f_chip;
data=1000;
M=2;

```

```

matches=0;
errors=0;
count=1;

```

```

SNRpbit=0;
SNR=SNRpbit;
rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

```

```
numplot=100;
```

```

input=randsrc(data,1,[0:M-1]);
figure(1);
plot(input)
title('Sinyal Input');xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

PN_sequence=randsrc(11,1,[0:1]);
figure(2);
plot(PN_sequence)
title('Sinyal PN Sequence Pengirim');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

% Spreading
j=1;
for i = 1:data

```

```

    for k = j:j+f_chip
        spreading(k) = input(i);
    end;
    spreading(j:(j+f_chip-1)) = xor(spreading(j:(j+f_chip-1)),PN_sequence(1:f_chip));
    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;

len_spreading=length(spreading);

% Modulasi
tx=dmod(spreading,fc,f_chip,fs,'psk',M);
len_tx=length(tx);
figure(3);
plot(tx)
title('Sinyal yang Dipancarkan');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

SNR=SNRpbit;
rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

% White Noise
data_rx=awgn(tx,-20,'measured','dB');

rx= data_rx;
figure(4);
plot(rx)
title('Sinyal yang Diterima');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Demodulasi
demod=ddemod(rx,fc,f_chip,fs,'psk',M);
figure(5);
plot(demod)
title('Sinyal Demodulasi');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Despreading
j=1;
for i = 1:data

```

```

    demod(j:(j+f_chip-1)) = xor(demod(j:(j+f_chip-1))',PN_sequence(1:f_chip));
    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;

```

```

j=1;
for i = 1:data
    sum=0;

```

```

    for k = j:j+f_chip-1
        sum=sum+demod(k);
    end;
    if (sum >=f_chip/2)
        output(i)=1;
    else
        output(i)=0;
    end;

```

```

    j = f_chip*i+1;
end;
t=1:length(input);
figure(6);
plot(output)
title('Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

figure(7);
plot(t,output(1:length(t)),'r-')
hold on
plot(t,input(1:length(t)),'b-')
title('Sinyal Input Banding Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

```

```

% Menghitung Error

```

```

for i=1:data;
    if (output(1,i)== input(i,1))
        matches=matches+1;
    else
        errors=errors+1;
    end ;
end;
matches

```

errors

$BER = \text{errors}/\text{data}$


```

%*****
%*****BINARY PHASE SHIFT KEYING*****
%*****DIRECT SEQUENCE SPREAD SEQUENCE*****
%*****Sinyal yang diterima bercampur dengan noise nonstasioner*****
%*****

f_data=1;
PN=11;
fc=990;
fs=fc*3;
N=fs/PN;
data=1000;
M=2;

sama=0;
errors=0;

rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

unspread=randsrc(data,1,[0:M-1]);

figure(1);
plot(unspread)
title('Sinyal Input');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

PN_sequence=randsrc(11,1,[0:1]);

figure(2);
plot(PN_sequence)
title('Sinyal PN Sequence Pengirim');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

%SPREADED
j=1;
for i = 1:PN
    for k = j:j+PN
        orig(k) = unspread(i);
    end;
    orig(j:(j+f_chip-1)) = xor(orig(j:(j+PN))',PN_sequence(1:PN));

```

```

    j = PN*i+1;
end;

pjpg_orig=pjpg(orig);

% Modulasi sinyal Spread Spectrum
tx=dmod(orig,fc,PN,fs,'psk',M);
length_tx= length (tx);
figure(3);
plot(tx)
title('Sinyal yang Dipancarkan');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

rand('state',12345);
randn('state',54321);

% Noise NonStasioner
rand('state',23456);
randn('state',65432);
data_rx=randsrc(tx,1,[0:1]);
rx= data_rx;

figure(4);
plot(rx)
title('Sinyal yang Diterima');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Demodulasi Sinyal Spread Spectrum
demod=ddemod(rx,fc,PN,fs,'psk',M);
figure(5);
plot(demod)
title('Sinyal Demodulasi');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Despreading Sinyal
j=1;
for i = 1:data
    demod(j:(j+PN-1)) = xor(demod(j:(j+PN-1)),PN_sequence(1:PN));
    j = PN*i+1;
end;

```

```

j=1;
for i = 1:data
    a=0;

    for k = j:j+PN-1
        a=a+demod(k);
    end;
    if (a >=PN/2)
        output(i)=1;
    else
        output(i)=0;
    end;
    j =PN*i+1;
end;

t=1: length (unspread);
figure(6);
plot(output)
title('Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

%Perbandingan Sinyal Input dan Sinyal Output
figure(7);
plot(t,output(1:length(t)),'r-')
hold on
plot(t,unspread(1:length(t)),'b-')
title('Sinyal Input Banding Sinyal Output');
xlabel('Informasi Ke-');ylabel('Amplitudo');

% Menghitung Error Sinyal

for i=1:data;
    if (output(1,i)== unspread(i,1))
        sama=sama+1;
    else
        errors=errors+1;
    end ;
end;

sama
errors
BER=errors/data

```

TABEL KARAKTERISTIK – KARAKTERISTIK BAND KOMUNIKASI UNGUIDED

Band Frekuensi	Nama	Data Analog		Data Digital		Aplikasi- Aplikasi Utama
		Modulasi	Bandwidth	Modulasi	Rate Data	
30 – 300 kHz	LF (Low Frequency)	Biasanya tidak dipraktikkan		ASK, FSK, MSK	0.1 to 100 bps	Navigasi
300 – 3000 kHz	MF (Medium Frequency)	AM	to 4 kHz	ASK, FSK, MSK	10 to 1000 bps	Radio AM komersil
3 – 30 MHz	HF (High Frequency)	AM, SSB	to 4 kHz	ASK, FSK, MSK	10 to 3000 bps	Radio gelombang pendek
30 – 300 MHz	VHF (Very High Frequency)	AM,SSB,FM	5 kHz to 5 MHz	FSK, PSK	to 100 kbps	Televisi VHF, radio FM
300 – 3000 MHz	UHF (Ultra High Frequency)	FM,SSB	to 20 MHz	PSK	to 10 Mbps	Televisi UHF, gelombang mikro terrestrial
3 – 30 GHz	SHF (Super High Frequency)	FM	to 500 MHz	PSK	to 100 Mbps	Gelombang mikro terrestrial, gelombang mikro satelit
30 – 300 GHz	EHF (Extremely High Frequency)	FM	to 1 GHz	PSK	to 750 Mbps	Percobaan jangkauan pendek titik ke titik