

LAMPIRAN A

A. AForge.NET Framework

A.1 Grayscale Class

```
namespace AForge.Imaging.Filters
{
    using System;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
    using System.Drawing;
    using System.Drawing.Imaging;
    /// <summary>
    /// Base class for image grayscaling.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <remarks><para>This class is the base class for image grayscaling. Other
    /// classes should inherit from this class and specify <b>RGB</b>
    /// coefficients used for color image conversion to grayscale.</para>
    ///
    /// <para>The filter accepts 24, 32, 48 and 64 bpp color images and produces
    /// 8 (if source is 24 or 32 bpp image) or 16 (if source is 48 or 64 bpp image)
    /// bpp grayscale image.</para>
    ///
    /// <para>Sample usage:</para>
    /// <code>
    /// // create grayscale filter (BT709)
    /// Grayscale filter = new Grayscale( 0.2125, 0.7154, 0.0721 );
    /// // apply the filter
    /// Bitmap grayImage = filter.Apply( image );
    /// </code>
    ///
    /// <para><b>Initial image:</b></para>
    /// 
    /// <para><b>Result image:</b></para>
    /// 
    /// </remarks>
    ///
    /// <seealso cref="GrayscaleBT709"/>
    /// <seealso cref="GrayscaleRYM"/>
    /// <seealso cref="GrayscaleY"/>
    ///
}
```

```

public class Grayscale : BaseFilter
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Set of predefined common grayscaling algorithms, which have already
    initialized
    /// grayscaling coefficients.
    /// </summary>
    public static class CommonAlgorithms
    {
        /// <summary>
        /// Grayscale image using BT709 algorithm.
        /// </summary>
        ///
        /// <remarks><para>The instance uses <b>BT709</b> algorithm to convert
        color image
        /// to grayscale. The conversion coefficients are:
        /// <list type="bullet">
        /// <item>Red: 0.2125;</item>
        /// <item>Green: 0.7154;</item>
        /// <item>Blue: 0.0721.</item>
        /// </list></para>
        ///
        /// <para>Sample usage:</para>
        /// <code>
        /// // apply the filter
        /// Bitmap grayImage = Grayscale.CommonAlgorithms.BT709.Apply( image
        );
        /// </code>
        /// <remarks>
        ///
        public static readonly Grayscale BT709 = new Grayscale(0.2125, 0.7154,
        0.0721);
        /// <summary>
        /// Grayscale image using R-Y algorithm.
        /// </summary>
        ///
        /// <remarks><para>The instance uses <b>R-Y</b> algorithm to convert
        color image
        /// to grayscale. The conversion coefficients are:
        /// <list type="bullet">
        /// <item>Red: 0.5;</item>
        /// <item>Green: 0.419;</item>

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/// <item>Blue: 0.081.</item>
/// </list></para>
///
/// <para>Sample usage:</para>
/// <code>
/// // apply the filter
/// Bitmap grayImage = Grayscale.CommonAlgorithms.RMY.Apply( image );
/// </code>
/// <remarks>
///
public static readonly Grayscale RMY = new Grayscale(0.5000, 0.4190,
0.0810);
/// <summary>
/// Grayscale image using Y algorithm.
/// </summary>
///
/// <remarks><para>The instance uses <b>Y</b> algorithm to convert color
image
/// to grayscale. The conversion coefficients are:
/// <list type="bullet">
/// <item>Red: 0.299;</item>
/// <item>Green: 0.587;</item>
/// <item>Blue: 0.114.</item>
/// </list></para>
///
/// <para>Sample usage:</para>
/// <code>
/// // apply the filter
/// Bitmap grayImage = Grayscale.CommonAlgorithms.Y.Apply( image );
/// </code>
/// <remarks>
///
public static readonly Grayscale Y = new Grayscale(0.2990, 0.5870, 0.1140);
}
// RGB coefficients for grayscale transformation
/// <summary>
/// Portion of red channel's value to use during conversion from RGB to
grayscale.
/// </summary>
public readonly double RedCoefficient;
/// <summary>
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    /// Portion of green channel's value to use during conversion from RGB to
    grayscale.
    /// </summary>
    public readonly double GreenCoefficient;
    /// <summary>
    /// Portion of blue channel's value to use during conversion from RGB to
    grayscale.
    /// </summary>
    public readonly double BlueCoefficient;
    // private format translation dictionary
    private Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> formatTranslations = new
    Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat>();
    /// <summary>
    /// Format translations dictionary.
    /// </summary>
    public override Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> FormatTranslations
    {
        get { return formatTranslations; }
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Grayscale"/> class.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <param name="cr">Red coefficient.</param>
    /// <param name="cg">Green coefficient.</param>
    /// <param name="cb">Blue coefficient.</param>
    ///
    public Grayscale(double cr, double cg, double cb)
    {
        RedCoefficient = cr;
        GreenCoefficient = cg;
        BlueCoefficient = cb;
        // initialize format translation dictionary
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format32bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale;

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        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format64bppArgb] =
PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale;
    }
/// <summary>
/// Process the filter on the specified image.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="sourceData">Source image data.</param>
/// <param name="destinationData">Destination image data.</param>
///
protected override unsafe void ProcessFilter(UnmanagedImage sourceData,
UnmanagedImage destinationData)
{
    // get width and height
    int width = sourceData.Width;
    int height = sourceData.Height;
    PixelFormat srcPixelFormat = sourceData.PixelFormat;
    if (
        (srcPixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb) ||
        (srcPixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format32bppRgb) ||
        (srcPixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb))
    {
        int pixelSize = (srcPixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb) ? 3 : 4;
        int srcOffset = sourceData.Stride - width * pixelSize;
        int dstOffset = destinationData.Stride - width;
        int rc = (int)(0x10000 * RedCoefficient);
        int gc = (int)(0x10000 * GreenCoefficient);
        int bc = (int)(0x10000 * BlueCoefficient);
        // do the job
        byte* src = (byte*)sourceData.ImageData.ToPointer();
        byte* dst = (byte*)destinationData.ImageData.ToPointer();
        // for each line
        for (int y = 0; y < height; y++)
        {
            // for each pixel
            for (int x = 0; x < width; x++, src += pixelSize, dst++)
            {
                *dst = (byte)((rc * src[RGB.R] + gc * src[RGB.G] + bc * src[RGB.B]) 
>> 16);
            }
            src += srcOffset;
            dst += dstOffset;
        }
    }
}

```

A.2 Difference Class

```
namespace AForge.Imaging.Filters
{
    using System;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
    using System.Drawing;
    using System.Drawing.Imaging;
    /// <summary>
    /// Difference filter - get the difference between overlay and source images.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <remarks><para>The difference filter takes two images (source and
    /// <see cref="BaseInPlaceFilter2.OverlayImage">overlay</see> images)
```

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    /// of the same size and pixel format and produces an image, where each pixel
    equals
    /// to absolute difference between corresponding pixels from provided
    images.</para>
    ///
    /// <para>The filter accepts 8 and 16 bpp grayscale images and 24, 32, 48 and 64
    bpp
    /// color images for processing.</para>
    ///
    /// <para><note>In the case if images with alpha channel are used (32 or 64 bpp),
    visualization
    /// of the result image may seem a bit unexpected - most probably nothing will be
    seen
    /// (in the case if image is displayed according to its alpha channel). This may be
    /// caused by the fact that after differencing the entire alpha channel will be zeroed
    /// (zero difference between alpha channels), what means that the resulting image
    will be
    /// 100% transparent.</note></para>
    ///
    /// <para>Sample usage:</para>
    /// <code>
    /// // create filter
    /// Difference filter = new Difference( overlayImage );
    /// // apply the filter
    /// Bitmap resultImage = filter.Apply( sourceImage );
    /// </code>
    ///
    /// <para><b>Source image:</b></para>
    /// 
    /// <para><b>Overlay image:</b></para>
    /// 
    /// <para><b>Result image:</b></para> //
    /// </remarks>
    ///
    /// <seealso cref="Intersect"/>
    /// <seealso cref="Merge"/>
    /// <seealso cref="Add"/>
    /// <seealso cref="Subtract"/>
    ///
    public sealed class Difference : BaseInPlaceFilter2
{

```

```

// private format translation dictionary private Dictionary<PixelFormat,
PixelFormat> formatTranslations = new Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat>();
/// <summary>
/// Format translations dictionary.
/// </summary>
public override Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> FormatTranslations
{
    get { return formatTranslations; }
}
/// <summary>
/// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Difference"/> class.
/// </summary>
public Difference()
{
    InitFormatTranslations();
}
/// <summary>
/// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Difference"/> class.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="overlayImage">Overlay image.</param>
///
public Difference(Bitmap overlayImage)
    : base(overlayImage)
{
    InitFormatTranslations();
}
/// <summary>
/// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Difference"/> class.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="unmanagedOverlayImage">Unmanaged overlay
image.</param> ///
public Difference(UnmanagedImage unmanagedOverlayImage)
    : base(unmanagedOverlayImage)
{
    InitFormatTranslations();
}
// Initialize format translation dictionary
private void InitFormatTranslations()
{

```

```

        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format32bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format32bppRgb;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb] =
PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale] =
PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format64bppArgb] =
PixelFormat.Format64bppArgb;
    }
/// <summary>
/// Process the filter on the specified image.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="image">Source image data.</param>
/// <param name="overlay">Overlay image data.</param>
///
protected override unsafe void ProcessFilter(UnmanagedImage image,
UnmanagedImage overlay)
{
    PixelFormat pixelFormat = image.PixelFormat;
    // get image dimension
    int width = image.Width;
    int height = image.Height;
    // pixel value
    int v;
    if (
(pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed) ||
(pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb) ||
(pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format32bppRgb) ||
(pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb))
    {
        // initialize other variables
        int pixelSize = (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed) ? 1 :
(pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb) ? 3 : 4;
        int lineSize = width * pixelSize;
        int srcOffset = image.Stride - lineSize;

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int ovrOffset = overlay.Stride - lineSize;
// do the job
byte* ptr = (byte*)image.ImageData.ToPointer();
byte* ovr = (byte*)overlay.ImageData.ToPointer();
// for each line
for (int y = 0; y < height; y++)
{
    // for each pixel
    for (int x = 0; x < lineSize; x++, ptr++, ovr++)
    {
        // abs(sub)
        v = (int)*ptr - (int)*ovr;
        *ptr = (v < 0) ? (byte)-v : (byte)v;
    }
    ptr += srcOffset;
    ovr += ovrOffset;
}
else
{
    // initialize other variables
    int pixelSize = (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale) ? 1 :
    (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb) ? 3 : 4;
    int lineSize = width * pixelSize;
    int srcStride = image.Stride;
    int ovrStride = overlay.Stride;
    // do the job
    int basePtr = (int)image.ImageData.ToPointer();
    int baseOvr = (int)overlay.ImageData.ToPointer();
    // for each line
    for (int y = 0; y < height; y++)
    {
        ushort* ptr = (ushort*)(basePtr + y * srcStride);
        ushort* ovr = (ushort*)(baseOvr + y * ovrStride);
        // for each pixel
        for (int x = 0; x < lineSize; x++, ptr++, ovr++)
        {
            // abs(sub)
            v = (int)*ptr - (int)*ovr;
            *ptr = (v < 0) ? (ushort)-v : (ushort)v;
        }
    }
}

```

```
        }
    }
}
```

A.3 Threshold Class

```
namespace AForge.Imaging.Filters
{
    using System;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
    using System.Drawing;
    using System.Drawing.Imaging;
    /// <summary>
    /// Threshold binarization.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <remarks><para>The filter does image binarization using specified threshold value. All pixels with intensities equal or higher than threshold value are converted to white pixels. All other pixels with intensities below threshold value are converted to black pixels.</para>
    ///
    /// <para>The filter accepts 8 and 16 bpp grayscale images for processing.</para>
    ///
    /// <para><note>Since the filter can be applied as to 8 bpp and to 16 bpp images, the <see cref="ThresholdValue"/> value should be set appropriately to the pixel format.
    ///
    /// In the case of 8 bpp images the threshold value is in the [0, 255] range, but in the case
    /// of 16 bpp images the threshold value is in the [0, 65535] range.</note></para>
    ///
    /// <para>Sample usage:</para>
    /// <code>
    /// // create filter
    /// Threshold filter = new Threshold( 100 );
    /// // apply the filter
    /// filter.ApplyInPlace( image );
    /// </code>
    ///
    /// <para><b>Initial image:</b></para>
    /// 
```

```

/// <para><b>Result image:</b></para>
/// 
/// </remarks>
///
public class Threshold : BaseInPlacePartialFilter
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Threshold value.
    /// </summary>
    protected int threshold = 128;
    // private format translation dictionary
    private Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> formatTranslations = new
Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat>();
    /// <summary>
    /// Format translations dictionary.
    /// </summary>
    public override Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> FormatTranslations
    {
        get { return formatTranslations; }
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Threshold value.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <remarks>Default value is set to <b>128</b>.</remarks>
    ///
    public int ThresholdValue
    {
        get { return threshold; }
        set { threshold = value; }
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Threshold"/> class.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    public Threshold()
    {
        // initialize format translation dictionary
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
        formatTranslations[PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale] =
PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale;
    }
}

```

```

        }
    /// <summary>
    /// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Threshold"/> class.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <param name="threshold">Threshold value.</param>
    ///
    public Threshold(int threshold)
        : this()
    {
        this.threshold = threshold;
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Process the filter on the specified image.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <param name="image">Source image data.</param>
    /// <param name="rect">Image rectangle for processing by the filter.</param>
    ///
    protected override unsafe void ProcessFilter(UnmanagedImage image,
        Rectangle rect)
    {
        int startX = rect.Left;
        int startY = rect.Top;
        int stopX = startX + rect.Width;
        int stopY = startY + rect.Height;
        if (image.PixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed)
        {
            int offset = image.Stride - rect.Width;
            // do the job
            byte* ptr = (byte*)image.ImageData.ToPointer();
            // align pointer to the first pixel to process
            ptr += (startY * image.Stride + startX);
            // for each line
            for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
            {
                // for each pixel
                for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, ptr++)
                {
                    *ptr = (byte)((*ptr >= threshold) ? 255 : 0);
                }
                ptr += offset;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
        }
    }
} else {
    byte* basePtr = (byte*)image.ImageData.ToPointer() + startX * 2;
    int stride = image.Stride;
    // for each line
    for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
    {
        ushort* ptr = (ushort*)(basePtr + stride * y);
        // for each pixel
        for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, ptr++)
        {
            *ptr = (ushort)((*ptr >= threshold) ? 65535 : 0);
        }
    }
}
}
```

A.4 Erosion Class

```
namespace AForge.Imaging.Filters
{
    using System;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
    using System.Drawing;
    using System.Drawing.Imaging;
    /// <summary>
    /// Erosion operator from Mathematical Morphology.
    /// </summary>
    ///
    /// <remarks><para>The filter assigns minimum value of surrounding pixels to
    each pixel of
    /// the result image. Surrounding pixels, which should be processed, are specified
    by
    /// structuring element: 1 - to process the neighbor, -1 - to skip it.</para>
    ///
    /// <para>The filter especially useful for binary image processing, where it
    removes pixels, which
```

```

/// are not surrounded by specified amount of neighbors. It gives ability to remove
noisy pixels
/// (stand-alone pixels) or shrink objects.</para>
///
/// <para>For processing image with 3x3 structuring element, there are different
optimizations
/// available, like <see cref="Erosion3x3"/> and <see
cref="BinaryErosion3x3"/>.</para>
///
/// <para>The filter accepts 8 and 16 bpp grayscale images and 24 and 48 bpp
/// color images for processing.</para>
///
/// <para>Sample usage:</para>
/// <code>
/// // create filter
/// Erosion filter = new Erosion();
/// // apply the filter
/// filter.Apply( image );
/// </code>
///
/// <para><b>Initial image:</b></para>
/// 
/// <para><b>Result image:</b></para>
/// 
/// </remarks>
///
/// <seealso cref="Dilatation"/>
/// <seealso cref="Closing"/>
/// <seealso cref="Opening"/>
/// <seealso cref="Erosion3x3"/>
/// <seealso cref="BinaryErosion3x3"/>
///
public class Erosion : BaseUsingCopyPartialFilter
{
    // structuring element
    private short[,] se = new short[3, 3] { { 1, 1, 1 }, { 1, 1, 1 }, { 1, 1, 1 } };
    private int size = 3;
    // private format translation dictionary
    private Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> formatTranslations = new
Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat>();
    ///
    /// <summary>
    /// Format translations dictionary.

```

```

/// </summary>
public override Dictionary<PixelFormat, PixelFormat> FormatTransalations
{
    get { return formatTransalations; }
}
/// <summary>
/// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Erosion"/> class.
/// </summary>
///
/// <remarks><para>Initializes new instance of the <see cref="Erosion"/> class
using
    /// default structuring element - 3x3 structuring element with all elements equal
to 1.
    /// </para></remarks>
    ///
public Erosion()
{
    // initialize format translation dictionary
    formatTransalations[PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed] =
PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed;
    formatTransalations[PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb;
    formatTransalations[PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale] =
PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale;
    formatTransalations[PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb] =
PixelFormat.Format48bppRgb;
}
/// <summary>
/// Initializes a new instance of the <see cref="Erosion"/> class.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="se">Structuring element.</param>
///
/// <remarks><para>Structuring elemement for the erosion morphological
operator
    /// must be square matrix with odd size in the range of [3,
99].</para></remarks>
    ///
    /// <exception cref="ArgumentException">Invalid size of structuring
element.</exception>
    ///
public Erosion(short[,] se)

```

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    : this()
{
    int s = se.GetLength(0);
    // check structuring element size
    if ((s != se.GetLength(1)) || (s < 3) || (s > 99) || (s % 2 == 0))
        throw new ArgumentException("Invalid size of structuring element.");
    this.se = se;
    this.size = s;
}
/// <summary>
/// Process the filter on the specified image.
/// </summary>
///
/// <param name="sourceData">Source image data.</param>
/// <param name="destinationData">Destination image data.</param>
/// <param name="rect">Image rectangle for processing by the filter.</param>
///
protected override unsafe void ProcessFilter(UnmanagedImage sourceData,
UnmanagedImage destinationData, Rectangle rect)
{
    PixelFormat pixelFormat = sourceData.PixelFormat;
    // processing start and stop X,Y positions
    int startX = rect.Left;
    int startY = rect.Top;
    int stopX = startX + rect.Width;
    int stopY = startY + rect.Height;
    // structuring element's radius
    int r = size >> 1;
    if ((pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed) || (pixelFormat ==
PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb))
    {
        int pixelSize = (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed) ? 1 : 3;
        int dstStride = destinationData.Stride;
        int srcStride = sourceData.Stride;
        // base pointers
        byte* baseSrc = (byte*)sourceData.ImageData.ToPointer();
        byte* baseDst = (byte*)destinationData.ImageData.ToPointer();
        // align pointers by X
        baseSrc += (startX * pixelSize);
        baseDst += (startX * pixelSize);
        if (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed)
        {

```

```

// grayscale image
// compute each line
for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
{
    byte* src = baseSrc + y * srcStride;
    byte* dst = baseDst + y * dstStride;
    byte min, v;
    // loop and array indexes
    int t, ir, jr, i, j;
    // for each pixel
    for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, src++, dst++)
    {
        min = 255;
        // for each structuring element's row
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        {
            ir = i - r;
            t = y + ir;
            // skip row
            if (t < startY)
                continue;
            // break
            if (t >= stopY)
                break;
            // for each structuring element's column
            for (j = 0; j < size; j++)
            {
                jr = j - r;
                t = x + jr;
                // skip column
                if (t < startX)
                    continue;
                if (t < stopX)
                {
                    if (se[i, j] == 1)
                    {
                        // get new MIN value
                        v = src[ir * srcStride + jr];
                        if (v < min)
                            min = v;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
    // result pixel
    *dst = min;
}
}
else
{
    // 24 bpp color image
    // compute each line
    for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
    {
        byte* src = baseSrc + y * srcStride;
        byte* dst = baseDst + y * dstStride;
        byte minR, minG, minB, v;
        byte* p;
        // loop and array indexes
        int t, ir, jr, i, j;
        // for each pixel
        for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, src += 3, dst += 3)
        {
            minR = minG = minB = 255;
            // for each structuring element's row
            for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
            {
                ir = i - r;
                t = y + ir;
                // skip row
                if (t < startY)
                    continue;
                // break
                if (t >= stopY)
                    break;
                // for each structuring element's column
                for (j = 0; j < size; j++)
                {
                    jr = j - r;
                    t = x + jr;
                    // skip column
                    if (t < startX)
                        continue;

```



```

if (pixelFormat == PixelFormat.Format16bppGrayScale)
{
    // 16 bpp grayscale image
    // compute each line
    for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
    {
        ushort* src = baseSrc + y * srcStride;
        ushort* dst = baseDst + y * dstStride;
        ushort min, v;
        // loop and array indexes
        int t, ir, jr, i, j;
        // for each pixel
        for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, src++, dst++)
        {
            min = 65535;
            // for each structuring element's row
            for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
            {
                ir = i - r;
                t = y + ir;
                // skip row
                if (t < startY)
                    continue;
                // break
                if (t >= stopY)
                    break;
                // for each structuring element's column
                for (j = 0; j < size; j++)
                {
                    jr = j - r;
                    t = x + jr;
                    // skip column
                    if (t < startX)
                        continue;
                    if (t < stopX)
                    {
                        if (se[i, j] == 1)
                        {
                            // get new MIN value
                            v = src[ir * srcStride + jr];
                            if (v < min)
                                min = v;
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
}
// result pixel
*dst = min;
}
}
}
else
{
    // 48 bpp color image
    // compute each line
    for (int y = startY; y < stopY; y++)
    {
        ushort* src = baseSrc + y * srcStride;
        ushort* dst = baseDst + y * dstStride;
        ushort minR, minG, minB, v;
        ushort* p;
        // loop and array indexes
        int t, ir, jr, i, j;
        // for each pixel
        for (int x = startX; x < stopX; x++, src += 3, dst += 3)
        {
            minR = minG = minB = 65535;
            // for each structuring element's row
            for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
            {
                ir = i - r;
                t = y + ir;
                // skip row
                if (t < startY)
                    continue;
                // break
                if (t >= stopY)
                    break;
                // for each structuring element's column
                for (j = 0; j < size; j++)
                {
                    jr = j - r;
                    t = x + jr;
                    // skip column

```


LAMPIRAN B

**LIST PROGRAM MOTION DETECTION
WITH WATER EFFECT**

B.1 Camera Window

```
using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Data;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Threading;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{
    public partial class CameraWindow : Control
    {
        private Camera camera = null;
        private bool autosize = false;
        private bool needSizeUpdate = false;
        private bool firstFrame = true;

        private Color rectColor = Color.Black;

        //AutoSize property
        [DefaultValue(false)]
        public bool AutoSize
        {
            get { return autosize; }
            set
            {
                autosize = value;
                UpdatePosition();
            }
        }

        // Camera property
        [Browsable(false)]
        public Camera Camera
        {
            get { return camera; }
            set
```

```

{
    // lock
    Monitor.Enter(this);

    // detach event
    if (camera != null)
    {
        camera.NewFrame -= new EventHandler(camera_NewFrame);
        timer.Stop();
    }

    camera = value;
    needSizeUpdate = true;
    firstFrame = true;

    // attach event
    if (camera != null)
    {
        camera.NewFrame += new EventHandler(camera_NewFrame);
        timer.Start();
    }

    // unlock
    Monitor.Exit(this);
}
}

public System.Drawing.Bitmap bmp
{
    get { return bmp; }
    set { bmp = value; }
}

public CameraWindow()
{
    InitializeComponent();
    SetStyle(ControlStyles.AllPaintingInWmPaint | ControlStyles.DoubleBuffer |
        ControlStyles.ResizeRedraw | ControlStyles.UserPaint, true);
}

public CameraWindow.IContainer container)
{

```

```

        container.Add(this);
        InitializeComponent();
    }

// Paint control
protected override void OnPaint(PaintEventArgs pe)
{
    if ((needSizeUpdate) || (firstFrame))
    {
        UpdatePosition();
        needSizeUpdate = false;
    }

    // lock
    Monitor.Enter(this);

    Graphics g = pe.Graphics;
    Rectangle rc = this.ClientRectangle;
    Pen pen = new Pen(rectColor, 1);

    // draw rectangle
    g.DrawRectangle(pen, rc.X, rc.Y, rc.Width - 1, rc.Height - 1);

    if (camera != null)
    {
        try
        {
            camera.Lock();

            // draw frame
            if (camera.LastFrameLocal != null)
            {
                g.DrawImage(camera.LastFrameLocal, rc.X + 1, rc.Y + 1, rc.Width -
2, rc.Height - 2);
                firstFrame = false;
            }
            else
            {
                // Create font and brush
                Font drawFont = new Font("Arial", 12);
                SolidBrush drawBrush = new SolidBrush(Color.White);

```

```

        g.DrawString("Connecting ...", drawFont, drawBrush, new PointF(5,
5));

        drawBrush.Dispose();
        drawFont.Dispose();
    }
}
catch (Exception)
{
}
finally
{
    camera.Unlock();
}
}

pen.Dispose();

// unlock
Monitor.Exit(this);

base.OnPaint(pe);
}

// Update position and size of the control
public void UpdatePosition()
{
    // lock
    Monitor.Enter(this);

    if ((autosize) && (this.Parent != null))
    {
        Rectangle rc = this.Parent.ClientRectangle;
        int width = 320;
        int height = 240;

        if (camera != null)
        {
            camera.Lock();

            // get frame dimension
            if (camera.LastFrame != null)

```

```

        {
            width = camera.LastFrameLocal.Width;
            height = camera.LastFrameLocal.Height;
        }
        camera.Unlock();
    }

    // 
    this.SuspendLayout();
    this.Location = new Point((rc.Width - width - 2) / 2, (rc.Height - height - 2)
    / 2);
    this.Size = new Size(width + 2, height + 2);
    this.ResumeLayout();

}

// unlock
Monitor.Exit(this);
}

// On new frame ready
private void camera_NewFrame(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    Invalidate();
}
}
}

```

B.2 Camera

```

using System;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Drawing.Imaging;
using System.Threading;

using VideoSource;

using AForge.Imaging;
using AForge.Imaging.Filters;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{

```

```

public class Camera
{
    private IVideoSource videoSource = null;
    private CaptureDevice localSource = null;

    private Bitmap lastFrameLocal = null;

    private Bitmap lastFrame = null;

    //private proses image
    private IFilter grayscaleFilter = new GrayscaleBT709();
    private Difference differenceFilter = new Difference();
    private Threshold thresholdFilter = new Threshold(15);
    private IFilter erosionFilter = new Erosion();
    private Merge mergeFilter = new Merge();
    private IFilter extrachChannel = new ExtractChannel(RGB.R);
    private ReplaceChannel replaceChannel = new ReplaceChannel(RGB.R, null);

    // image width and height
    private int width = -1, height = -1;

    private Bitmap backgroundFrame = null;
    private BitmapData bitmapData;

    public event EventHandler NewFrame;

    // LastFrame property
    public Bitmap LastFrame
    {
        get { return lastFrame; }
    }

    // Width property
    public int Width
    {
        get { return width; }
    }

    // Height property
    public int Height
    {
        get { return height; }
    }
}

```

```

// Running property
public bool Running
{
    get { return (localSource == null) ? false : localSource.Running; }
}

// LastFrameLocal property
public Bitmap LastFrameLocal
{
    get { return lastFrameLocal; }
}

//Constructor
public Camera(CaptureDevice localSource)
{
    this.localSource = localSource;
    localSource.NewFrame += new CameraEventHandler(video_NewFrame);
}

//Start video Source
public void Start()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.Start();
    }
    if (localSource != null)
    {
        localSource.Start();
    }
}

//Signal Video Source to Stop
public void SignalToStop()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.SignalToStop();
    }
    if (localSource != null)

```

```
{  
    localSource.SignalToStop();  
}  
}  
}
```

```
//wait video source to Stop  
public void WaitForStop()  
{  
    if (videoSource != null)  
    {  
        videoSource.WaitForStop();  
    }  
    if (localSource != null)  
    {  
        localSource.WaitForStop();  
    }  
}
```

```
//Abort Camera  
public void Stop()  
{  
    if (videoSource != null)  
    {  
        videoSource.Stop();  
    }  
    if (localSource != null)  
    {  
        localSource.Stop();  
    }  
}
```

```
// Lock it  
public void Lock()  
{  
    Monitor.Enter(this);  
}
```

```
// Unlock it  
public void Unlock()  
{
```

```

        Monitor.Exit(this);
    }

private void video_NewFrame(object sender, CameraEventArgs e)
{
    try
    {
        //lock
        Monitor.Enter(this);

        //dispose old frame
        if (lastFrame != null)
        {
            lastFrame.Dispose();
        }

        lastFrame = (Bitmap)e.Bitmap.Clone();

        if (backgroundFrame == null)
        {
            // create initial background image
            backgroundFrame = grayscaleFilter.Apply(lastFrame);

            // get image dimension
            width = lastFrame.Width;
            height = lastFrame.Height;

            // just return for the first time
            return;
        }

        Bitmap tmpImage;

        // apply the grayscale file
        tmpImage = grayscaleFilter.Apply(lastFrame);

        // set background frame as an overlay for difference filter
        differenceFilter.OverlayImage = backgroundFrame;

        // apply difference filter
        Bitmap tmpImage2 = differenceFilter.Apply(tmpImage);
    }
}

```


B.3 Capture Device Form

```
using System;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Drawing.Imaging;
using System.Threading;

using VideoSource;

using AForge.Imaging;
using AForge.Imaging.Filters;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{
    public class Camera
    {
        private IVideoSource videoSource = null;
        private CaptureDevice localSource = null;

        private Bitmap lastFrameLocal = null;

        private Bitmap lastFrame = null;

        //private proses image
        private IFilter grayscaleFilter = new GrayscaleBT709();
        private Difference differenceFilter = new Difference();
        private Threshold thresholdFilter = new Threshold(15);
        private IFilter erosionFilter = new Erosion();
        private Merge mergeFilter = new Merge();
        private IFilter extrachChannel = new ExtractChannel(RGB.R);
        private ReplaceChannel replaceChannel = new ReplaceChannel(RGB.R, null);

        // image width and height
        private int width = -1, height = -1;

        private Bitmap backgroundFrame = null;
        private BitmapData bitmapData;

        public event EventHandler NewFrame;
```

```

// LastFrame property
public Bitmap LastFrame
{
    get { return lastFrame; }
}

// Width property
public int Width
{
    get { return width; }
}

// Height property
public int Height
{
    get { return height; }
}

// Running property
public bool Running
{
    get { return (localSource == null) ? false : localSource.Running; }
}

// LastFrameLocal property
public Bitmap LastFrameLocal
{
    get { return lastFrameLocal; }
}

//Constructor
public Camera(CaptureDevice localSource)
{
    this.localSource = localSource;
    localSource.NewFrame += new CameraEventHandler(video_NewFrame);
}

//Start video Source
public void Start()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.Start();
    }
}

```

```

        }

        if (localSource != null)
        {
            localSource.Start();
        }

    }

//Signal Video Source to Stop
public void SignalToStop()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.SignalToStop();
    }
    if (localSource != null)
    {
        localSource.SignalToStop();
    }
}

//wait video source to Stop
public void WaitForStop()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.WaitForStop();
    }
    if (localSource != null)
    {
        localSource.WaitForStop();
    }
}

//Abort Camera
public void Stop()
{
    if (videoSource != null)
    {
        videoSource.Stop();
    }
    if (localSource != null)

```

```

        {
            localSource.Stop();
        }
    }

// Lock it
public void Lock()
{
    Monitor.Enter(this);
}

// Unlock it
public void Unlock()
{
    Monitor.Exit(this);
}

private void video_NewFrame(object sender, CameraEventArgs e)
{
    try
    {
        //lock
        Monitor.Enter(this);

        //dispose old frame
        if (lastFrame != null)
        {
            lastFrame.Dispose();
        }

        lastFrame = (Bitmap)e.Bitmap.Clone();

        if (backgroundFrame == null)
        {
            // create initial background image
            backgroundFrame = grayscaleFilter.Apply(lastFrame);

            // get image dimension
            width = lastFrame.Width;
            height = lastFrame.Height;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        // just return for the first time
        return;
    }

    Bitmap tmpImage;

    // apply the grayscale file
    tmpImage = grayscaleFilter.Apply(lastFrame);

    // set background frame as an overlay for difference filter
    differenceFilter.OverlayImage = backgroundFrame;

    // apply difference filter
    Bitmap tmpImage2 = differenceFilter.Apply(tmpImage);

    // lock the temporary image and apply some filters on the locked data
    bitmapData = tmpImage2.LockBits(new Rectangle(0, 0, width, height),
        ImageLockMode.ReadWrite, PixelFormat.Format8bppIndexed);

    // threshold filter
    thresholdFilter.ApplyInPlace(bitmapData);
    // erosion filter
    Bitmap tmpImage3 = erosionFilter.Apply(bitmapData);

    Bitmap tmpImage4 = tmpImage3.Clone(new Rectangle(0, 0,
        tmpImage3.Width, tmpImage3.Height), PixelFormat.Format24bppRgb);

    // unlock temporary image
    tmpImage2.UnlockBits(bitmapData);
    tmpImage2.Dispose();

    // dispose old background
    backgroundFrame.Dispose();
    // set background to current
    backgroundFrame = tmpImage;

    lastFrameLocal = tmpImage4;

}

```

```

        catch (Exception)
        {
        }
    finally
    {
        //unlock
        Monitor.Exit(this);
    }

    // notify client
    if (NewFrame != null)
        NewFrame(this, new EventArgs());
}
}
}

```

B.4 Gerakan Efek Air

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Collections;

using VideoSource;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{
    public partial class FormEfek : Form
    {
        //private webcam
        private static CaptureDevice localSource = new CaptureDevice();

        //inisialisai Webcam
        Camera camera = new Camera(localSource);
    }
}

```

```

//inisialisai gambar
private Bitmap image1;
private Bitmap OriginalImage;

//Inisialisai posisi Mouse
public static int pointX;
public static int pointY;

//Inisialisasi warna putih
private Color cWhite = System.Drawing.Color.FromArgb(255, 255, 255, 255);

//Inisialisasi FormState
FormState formstate = new FormState();

//Constructor
public FormEfek()
{
    InitializeComponent();
}

//Form Gerakan Efek Air Load
private void FormEfek_Load(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    //Menampilkan Capture Device Form
    CaptureDeviceForm form = new CaptureDeviceForm();
    if (form.ShowDialog(this) == DialogResult.OK)
    {
        localSource.VideoCapture = form.Device; //Camera dipilih
        this.Cursor = Cursors.WaitCursor;

        //Memulai Camera
        camera.Start();

        this.Cursor = Cursors.Default;
    }

    if (camera != null)
    {
        //timerImage dijalankan untuk mengambil frame
        timerImage.Start();
    }
}

```

```

//TimerImage jalan, frame mulai diambil
private void timerImage_Tick(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    image1 = camera.LastFrameLocal;
    //timerVertex dijalankan untuk mengolah frame
    timerVertex.Start();
}

//TimerVertex diambil untuk mengolah frame
private void timerVertex_Tick(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    if (image1 != null) // Jika frame berhasil didapat
    {
        labelMotion.Text = " Motion Detection Ok";
        OriginalImage = (Bitmap)image1.Clone();
        ArrayList pxList = scan(OriginalImage); //frame yg didapat di scan

        //Pixel Putih dihitung
        int a = pxList.Count;
        int[] arrayX = new int[a];
        int[] arrayY = new int[a];

        //Mengenali tiap titik yg didapat
        Vertex prv;
        for (int k = 0; k < pxList.Count; k++)
        {
            prv = (Vertex)pxList[k];
            arrayX[k] = prv.X;
            arrayY[k] = prv.Y;
        }

        //Menentukan Banyak titik yg didapat
        int countX = arrayX.Length;
        int countY = arrayY.Length;

        //Mengenali gerakan untuk menentukan posisi mouse
        if (countX != 0)
        {
            //posisi koordinat X ditentukan
            pointX = Convert.ToInt32(arrayX[countX / 2]);
        }
        else

```

```

    {
        pointX = 0;
    }
    labelPointX.Text = "pointX = " + pointX*2 + "";// label menampilkan
    posisi X kursor mouse

    if (countY != 0)
    {
        //posisi koordinat Y ditentukan
        pointY = Convert.ToInt32(arrayY[countY / 2]);
    }
    else
    {
        pointY = 0;
    }
    labelPointY.Text = "pointY = " + pointY*2 + "";// label menampilkan
    posisi Y kursor mouse
}

//Proses Scan Original Image
private ArrayList scan(Bitmap imgScr)
{
    ArrayList pixel = new ArrayList();
    for (int j = 0; j < imgScr.Height; j = j + 3) // koordinat Y
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < imgScr.Width; i = i + 3) // koordinat X
        {
            if (imgScr.GetPixel(i, j) == cWhite)
            {
                Vertex pix = new Vertex(i, j);
                pixel.Add(pix);
            }
        }
    }
    return pixel;
}

//Mengolah Frame lebih lanjut

```

```

private void FormEfek_KeyPress(object sender,
System.Windows.Forms.KeyPressEventArgs e)
{
    if (e.KeyChar == (char)Keys.F) //Tekan Shit+F untuk menampilkan full
screen
    {
        formstate.Maximize(this);
        //timer dijalankan saat full screen, saat ini gerakan cursor mulai diambil alih
oleh gerakan
        //yang terdeteksi oleh camera webcam
        timerCursor.Start();
    }
    else
        if (e.KeyChar == (char)Keys.Escape) // tekan Escape dan Form kembali
normal
    {
        formstate.Restore(this);
        //timer berhenti, mouse kembali berfungsi secara normal
        timerCursor.Stop();
    }
    //Timer Cursor dijalankan
private void timerCursor_Tick(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    //posisi mouse ditentukan oleh posisi titik dari Vertex
    Cursor.Position = new Point(pointX * 2, pointY * 2);
}
}

```

B.5 Water Effect Picture Box

```

using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Drawing.Imaging;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{
    public partial class WaterEffectPictureBox : Panel

```

```

{
    private Bitmap      bmp;
    private short[, ,] waves;
    private int         waveWidth;
    private int         waveHeight;
    private int         activeBuffer = 0;
    private bool        weHaveWaves;
    private int         bmpHeight;
    private int         bmpWidth;
    private byte[]      bmpBytes;
    private BitmapData   bmpBitmapData;
    private int         scale;
}

public WaterEffectPictureBox()
{
    InitializeComponent();
    effecttimer.Enabled = true;
    effecttimer.Interval = 50;
    SetStyle(ControlStyles.UserPaint, true);
    SetStyle(ControlStyles.AllPaintingInWmPaint, true);
    SetStyle(ControlStyles.DoubleBuffer, true);
    this.BackColor = Color.White;
    weHaveWaves = false;
    scale = 1;
}

public WaterEffectPictureBox(Bitmap bmp) : this()
{
    this.ImageBitmap = bmp;
}

public Bitmap ImageBitmap
{
    get { return bmp; }
    set
    {
        bmp = value;
        bmpHeight = bmp.Height;
        bmpWidth = bmp.Width;

        waveWidth = bmpWidth >> scale;
        waveHeight = bmpHeight >> scale;
    }
}

```

```

waves = new Int16[waveWidth, waveHeight, 2];

        bmpBytes = new Byte[bmpWidth * bmpHeight * 4];
        bmpBitmapData = bmp.LockBits(new Rectangle(0, 0, bmpWidth,
        bmpHeight), ImageLockMode.ReadWrite, PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb);
        Marshal.Copy(bmpBitmapData.Scan0, bmpBytes, 0, bmpWidth *
        bmpHeight * 4);
    }
}

public int scale
{
    get { return scale; }
    set { scale = value; }
}

private void effecttimer_Tick(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    if (weHaveWaves)
    {
        Invalidate();
        ProcessWaves();
    }
}

/// <summary>
/// Paint handler
///
/// Calculates the final effect-image out of
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender"></param>
/// <param name="e"></param>
public void WaterEffectPictureBox_Paint(object sender,
System.Windows.Forms.PaintEventArgs e)
{
    using (Bitmap tmp = (Bitmap)bmp.Clone())
    {

```

```

int xOffset, yOffset;
byte alpha;

if (weHaveWaves)
{
    BitmapData tmpData = tmp.LockBits(new Rectangle(0, 0, bmpWidth,
    bmpHeight), ImageLockMode.ReadWrite, PixelFormat.Format32bppArgb);

    byte[] tmpBytes = new Byte[bmpWidth * bmpHeight * 4];

    Marshal.Copy(tmpData.Scan0, tmpBytes, 0, bmpWidth * bmpHeight *
    4);

    for (int x = 1; x < bmpWidth - 1; x++)
    {
        for (int y = 1; y < bmpHeight - 1; y++)
        {
            int waveX = (int)x >> scale;
            int waveY = (int)y >> scale;

            //check bounds
            if (waveX <= 0) waveX = 1;
            if (waveY <= 0) waveY = 1;
            if (waveX >= waveWidth - 1) waveX = waveWidth - 2;
            if (waveY >= waveHeight - 1) waveY = waveHeight - 2;

            //this gives us the effect of water breaking the light
            xOffset = (_waves[waveX - 1, waveY, activeBuffer] - waves[waveX
            + 1, waveY, activeBuffer]) >> 3;
            yOffset = (_waves[waveX, waveY - 1, activeBuffer] -
            waves[waveX, waveY + 1, activeBuffer]) >> 3;

            if ((xOffset != 0) || (yOffset != 0))
            {
                //check bounds
                if (x + xOffset >= bmpWidth - 1) xOffset = bmpWidth - x - 1;
                if (y + yOffset >= bmpHeight - 1) yOffset = bmpHeight - y - 1;
                if (x + xOffset < 0) xOffset = -x;
                if (y + yOffset < 0) yOffset = -y;

                //generate alpha
                alpha = (byte)(200 - xOffset);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if (alpha < 0) alpha = 0;
        if (alpha > 255) alpha = 254;

        //set colors
        tmpBytes[4 * (x + y * bmpWidth)] = bmpBytes[4 * (x + xOffset
+ (y + yOffset) * bmpWidth)];
        tmpBytes[4 * (x + y * bmpWidth) + 1] = bmpBytes[4 * (x +
xOffset + (y + yOffset) * bmpWidth) + 1];
        tmpBytes[4 * (x + y * bmpWidth) + 2] = bmpBytes[4 * (x +
xOffset + (y + yOffset) * bmpWidth) + 2];
        tmpBytes[4 * (x + y * bmpWidth) + 3] = alpha;

    }

}

//copy data back
Marshal.Copy(tmpBytes, 0, tmpData.Scan0, bmpWidth * bmpHeight *
4);
tmp.UnlockBits(tmpData);

}

e.Graphics.DrawImage(tmp, 0, 0, this.ClientRectangle.Width,
this.ClientRectangle.Height);

}

/// <summary>
/// This is the method that actually does move the waves around and simulates
the
/// behaviour of water.
/// </summary>
private void ProcessWaves()
{
    int newBuffer = (activeBuffer == 0) ? 1 : 0;
    bool wavesFound = false;

    for (int x = 1; x < waveWidth - 1; x++)

```

```

{
    for (int y = 1; y < waveHeight - 1; y++)
    {
        _waves[x, y, newBuffer] = (short)(

            ((waves[x - 1, y - 1, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x, y - 1, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x + 1, y - 1, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x - 1, y, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x + 1, y, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x - 1, y + 1, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x, y + 1, activeBuffer] +
            waves[x + 1, y + 1, activeBuffer]) >> 2) - waves[x, y,
newBuffer]);
    }

    //damping
    if (waves[x, y, newBuffer] != 0)
    {
        waves[x, y, newBuffer] -= (short)(_waves[x, y, newBuffer] >> 4);
        wavesFound = true;
    }
}

weHaveWaves = wavesFound;
activeBuffer = newBuffer;

}

/// <summary>
/// This function is used to start a wave by simulating a round drop
/// </summary>
/// <param name="x">x position of the drop</param>
/// <param name="y">y position of the drop</param>
/// <param name="height">Height position of the drop</param>
private void PutDrop(int x, int y, short height)
{
    weHaveWaves = true;
    int radius = 20;
    double dist;
}

```

```

        for (int i = -radius; i <= radius; i++)
    {
        for (int j = -radius; j <= radius; j++)
        {
            if (((x + i >= 0) && (x + i < waveWidth - 1)) && ((y + j >= 0) && (y + j
< waveHeight - 1)))
            {
                dist = Math.Sqrt(i * i + j * j);
                if (dist < radius)
                    waves[x + i, y + j, activeBuffer] = (short)(Math.Cos(dist * Math.PI /
radius) * height);
            }
        }
    }

/// <summary>
/// The MouseMove handler.
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender"></param>
/// <param name="e"></param>
private void WaterEffectPictureBox_MouseMove(object sender,
System.Windows.Forms.MouseEventArgs e)
{
    int realX = (int)((e.X / (double)this.ClientRectangle.Width) *
_waveWidth);
    int realY = (int)((e.Y / (double)this.ClientRectangle.Height) *
_waveHeight);
    PutDrop(realX, realY, 80);
}
}
}

```

B.6 Vertex

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Collections;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{

```

```

public class Vertex
{
    ArrayList vertices = new ArrayList();

    //Inisialisasi x,y
    private int x;
    private int y;

    //Vertex adalah program untuk melakukan Looping pada pengambilan
    //data hasil scan, sehingga data dapat diambil secara kontinu
    public Vertex(int i, int j)
    {
        this.X = i;
        this.Y = j;
    }

    public void insert(Vertex v)
    {
        vertices.Add(v);
    }

    public ArrayList GetPixels()
    {
        return vertices;
    }

    public int GetCount()
    {
        return vertices.Count;
    }

    public void AddPixels(Vertex v)
    {
        vertices.Add(v);
    }

    public int X
    {
        get { return x; }
        set { x = value; }
    }

    public int Y
    {

```

```

        get { return y; }
        set { y = value; }
    }
}
}

```

B.7 Form State

```

using System;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;

namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Selected Win API Function Calls
    ///
    /// </summary>
    public class WinApi
    {
        [DllImport("user32.dll", EntryPoint = "GetSystemMetrics")]
        public static extern int GetSystemMetrics(int which);
        [DllImport("user32.dll")]
        public static extern void
        SetWindowPos(IntPtr hwnd, IntPtr hwndInsertAfter,
                    int X, int Y, int width, int height, uint flags);
        private const int SM_CXSCREEN = 0;
        private const int SM_CYSCREEN = 1;
        private static IntPtr HWND_TOP = IntPtr.Zero;
        private const int SWP_SHOWWINDOW = 64; // 0x0040
        public static int ScreenX
        {
            get { return GetSystemMetrics(SM_CXSCREEN); }
        }

        public static int ScreenY
        {
            get { return GetSystemMetrics(SM_CYSCREEN); }
        }

        public static void SetWinFullScreen(IntPtr hwnd)
    }
}

```

```

    {
        SetWindowPos(hwnd, HWND_TOP, 0, 0, ScreenX, ScreenY,
        SWP_SHOWWINDOW);
    }
}

/// <summary>
/// Class used to preserve / restore state of the form
/// </summary>
public class FormState
{
    private FormWindowState winState;
    private FormBorderStyle brdStyle;
    private bool topMost;
    private Rectangle bounds;
    private bool IsMaximized = false;
    public void Maximize(Form targetForm)
    {
        if (!IsMaximized)
        {
            IsMaximized = true;
            Save(targetForm);
            targetForm.WindowState = FormWindowState.Maximized;
            targetForm.FormBorderStyle = FormBorderStyle.None;
            targetForm.TopMost = true;
            WinApi.SetWinFullScreen(targetForm.Handle);
        }
    }

    public void Save(Form targetForm)
    {
        winState = targetForm.WindowState;
        brdStyle = targetForm.FormBorderStyle;
        topMost = targetForm.TopMost;
        bounds = targetForm.Bounds;
    }

    public void Restore(Form targetForm)
    {
        targetForm.WindowState = winState;
        targetForm.FormBorderStyle = brdStyle;
        targetForm.TopMost = topMost;
        targetForm.Bounds = bounds;
        IsMaximized = false;
    }
}

```

```
    }  
}
```

B. 8 Programs

```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
using System.Linq;  
using System.Windows.Forms;  
  
namespace Gerakan_Efek_Air  
{  
    static class Program  
    {  
        /// <summary>  
        /// Saat Debug maka Form Efek yg akan di load  
        /// </summary>  
        [STAThread]  
        static void Main()  
        {  
            Application.EnableVisualStyles();  
            Application.SetCompatibleTextRenderingDefault(false);  
            Application.Run(new FormEfek());  
        }  
    }  
}
```