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Welcome to the Proceedings of the International Conference of Economics, Business, and Entrepreneur (ICEBE 2022). The theme of the fifth ICEBE in 2022 was "Global Economy and Business Recovery Growth to Create a Sustainable Business-Friendly Environment". we invited individuals with backgrounds in academia and the applied fields and those from businesses, government agencies, non-governmental organizations, and educational institutions to submit their research papers, reflections, practitioner papers, panel proposals, and workshop ideas related to the event's theme.

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The Causality Relationship Between Financial Constructs with State Space Model

Rialdi Azhar, Sri Suningsih, Widya Rizki Eka Putri, Ahmad Efendi Business

One solution of the state-space model is to see the causal relationship between one and more variables. This model can be used as a statistical basis for modeling movements, for example, carbon variables and other variables that may be related in the form of financial construction. Research looking for...

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The Effect of *Audite Tenure*, KAP's Reputation and *Audite Fee* an Audit Quality with the Audit Committee as Moderation Variables

Ignasia Natalelawati, Usep Syaipudin

Audit quality determines how much accuracy the report has in presenting information for external parties of the company as a basis for decision-making. The phenomena associated with auditors in accounting decrease public confidence in the quality of auditors. In its development, audit quality is strongly...

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Porter's and CSR Strategies by Islamic Cooperatives

Vega Wafaretta, Bety Nur Achadiyah, Mohammad Iqbal Firdaus

Islamic cooperatives are built to provide funding for micro-scaled entities and low-income societies, but their markets are claimed by bigger Islamic and conventional financial institutions. To adapt to the competition, entities should properly adjust strategies from the available resources and entities'...

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Professional Accountants' Competency Based on a Sustainable Concept Santy Setiawan, Se Tin, Yunita Christy

Environmental awareness is an important consideration for business owners today. The company's current focus is on efforts to promote environmental awareness, such as the use of environmentally friendly resources and the formulation of waste disposal policies. It is the responsibility of an accountant...

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Nurul Maula Rahmah, Maulana Yusup, Iwan Sidharta, Nenny Rinawati, Haritsatun Najwa

In the capital market sector, dividend policy is an action that is difficult to predict because many essential vital aspects need to consider. One aspect of the dividend policy is stock returns. Based on these essential aspects, the researcher aims to investigate the effect of the rate of return on investment...

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Masthuroh, Lindrianasari, Usep Syaipudin

Agency cost is an economic concept that refers to the costs associated with the relationship between the "principal", and the "agent". There are many things that can affect agency cost. This article aims to discuss several corporate governance factors that can affect agency costs, these factors include:...

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Is Syariah System Better Than the Conventional System in Crisis?

Tri Joko Prasetyo, Ukhti Ciptawaty, Marselina Djayasinga

This study aims to analyse the resilience of Islamic banks' financial performance during the era of the COVID-19 crisis and the recovery compared to conventional banks. Islamic banks are unique as they do not use an interest system, but instead a profile/loss-sharing system which reflects their religious...

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Why Accountants Under Pressure Still Be Able to Honest? Experimental Research

Dewi Sukmasari, Yenni Agustina, Aryan Danil Mirza BR., Fitri Mareta

Social pressure causes individuals to behave in a way that deviates from company values. Individuals who experience very strong pressure from both superiors and peers will increase the individual's chances of committing unethical actions (budgetary slack). But on the other hand, several studies show...

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Dividend Pay Out Ratio Policy in LQ-45 Indexed Companies

Rudi Setiawan, Sri Hasnawati, Ernie Hendrawaty

Economic variables such as; Current Ratio (Ratio), Return on Assets (Percent), and Debt to Equity Ratio (Percent), are suspected to be factors that can affect the payout ratio dividend payment policy in companies in Indonesia's LQ45 index. Considering the preceding context and prior study, researchers...

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Integrated Web-Based E-Fulfillment Services Information Systems

Florentina Kurniasari, Keshia Tiffany, Dennis Gunawan, Prio Utomo

The growing e-commerce businesses in Indonesia brought challenges in the value-chain strategies. The business players were currently facing the expensive logistics cost and complicated administrative procedure. There's an urgency to develop the integrated information system to reduce these barriers....

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Liani Rahmasari, Lindrianasari, Tri Joko Prasetyo

The existence of Covid-19 has caused many companies to experience losses and experience financial distress. This condition makes some company managers take steps to practice fraud financial report so that the company continues to reflect good performance, namely by maximizing profits. This study aims...

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Yuniarti Fihartini, Mudji Rachmat Ramelan, Mirwan Karim, Lis Andriani

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Emi Maimunah, Reza Renaldy

This study aims to analyze the effect of income on business capital, working hours, length of business and halal certification in West Lampung Regency. This study uses primary data with a total of 30 respondents of ground coffee IKM in West Lampung Regency using multiple linear regression models. The...

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Dwi Asri Siti Ambarwati, Dorothy RH. Pandjaitan, Lidya Ayuni Putri

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Analysis of the Role of the Agricultural Sector in Indonesia in 2015–2020 Marcelina Anggraeni, Arivina Ratih, Ghania Atigasani

The agricultural sector in Indonesia is an important sector in the national economy, but its role in the formation of GRDP in most regions has begun to decline. This was followed by a decrease in the area of harvested land. The purpose of this study is to look at the agricultural sector and sub-sector...

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Annisya, Putra Hilmi Prayitno, Ni'matul Istiqomah

Internet users in Indonesia are experiencing growth along with the entry of the 4.0 industrial revolution because of the many benefits that are felt by using the internet network. Social media is one of the platforms that is widely used, reaching 68 percent of the total population in Indonesia. The emergence...

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Mechanisms for Forming Currency- Financial Crises in Developing Markets

David Tereladze, Ernie Hendrawaty

The subject of the study is the formation of monetary and financial crises in emerging markets. The author's classification of crises is proposed, and the main mechanisms for the formation of financial instability are also given. The article discusses the issues of cross-border international capital...

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Is the Phillips Curve Valid in Fintech 3.0 Era? An Error Correction Model Approach

Birgitta Dian Saraswati, Widya Wahyuningrum, Angelita Titis Pertiwi

The Phillips curve explains that governments' policies to control inflation will increase unemployment rates. However, financial technology (fintech) may lead to a positive relationship between inflation and unemployment. Fintech will arguably cause low inflation and unemployment rates. This study seeks...

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The Effect of Profitability, Credit Quality and Covid-19 Pandemic on the Amount of Executive Compensation on Banking Companies in Indonesia

Wahyu Usmawati, Ratna Septiyanti, Usep Syaipudin

Disclosure of executive compensation has not been widely carried out in Indonesia. There are many factors that affect executive compensation. This research analyzes profitability, credit quality, and the Covid-19 pandemic on executive compensation in banking companies in Indonesia. This study is a quantitative...

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The Mediating Role of Entrepreneurial Self-efficacy in Developing Student Entrepreneurial Intention: The Role of Resources and Network

Andrew Lioe, Prio Utomo, Florentina Kurniasari

The purpose of this study is to determine the mediating role of self-efficacy on relation between entrepreneurial resources and network with entrepreneurial intention. This study is quantitative cross-sectional research where the data collected from 150 well-known private university students in Tangerang...

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Arivina Ratih, Toto Gunarto, Asih Murwiati

Multidimensional poverty is an approach used to explain poverty from another point of view. Poverty is commonly measured by the benchmark poverty line (monetary poverty), which is based on the amount of expenditure for a group of consumer goods. Usually, different poverty calculation methods will produce...

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Yes, Beta was Invalid During Covid-19: Evidence from Islamic Stock Index Indonesia

Ahmad Faisol, Nindytia Puspitasari Dalimunthe, R. A. Fiska Huzaimah

The COVID-19 pandemic has raised the assumption that the market has systematic risk or negative beta so that the formation of an asset portfolio will not be effective in dealing with the risk of loss. However, the rapid recovery of some stock markets in several countries as the outbreak escalates has...

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Arohman, Dian pratiwi, Wagiyo

Giving rewards is very effective to improve one's performance. In addition, the provision of rewards can also foster motivation and work performance. The purpose of giving rewards is to grow and improve higher quality performance results and positive behavior in carrying out the work entrusted by...

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Strengthening Social Capital Communities in Livestock Management (Case Study: Belung Village)

Santi Merlinda, Hanjar Ikrima Nanda, Diana Tien Irafahmi, Andro Agil Nur Rakhmad, Abdul Ghafar Ismail

Belung Village, Malang Regency, has excellent potential in the livestock sector. However, livestock waste management is still traditional, and some are disposed of directly into the river. This study looks at the livestock community's role as a social capital booster in managing livestock waste...

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Ruth Cinta Grace Simbolon, Fitriani Tupa R. Silalahi

RSU HKBP Balige is one of the private hospitals that has been working with the BPJS since 2014. The challenge for hospitals today is how the available resources can provide the best service with a low-cost operational service process. One thing that can be improved is patient satisfaction, which can...

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Visualization of Bibliometric Research Political Budget Cycles in 2014–2022

Maria Maranatha Gultom, Fajar Gustiawaty Dewi, Fitra Dharma

The budget in the political year always attracts attention, it is a way to attract attention so that the incumbent gets the vote of the electorate. The lack of widespread public interest in local government and the consistently disappointing turnout at local elections belies the intensity, excitement,...

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Customer Satisfaction: The Rules of Mediating Effect of Price and Service Quality, A Perspective from Local Tourists

Nova Putri Rahayu, Robbi Saepul Rahman, Ester Manik, Jaka Arisandy, Iwan Sidharta

A critical aspect of service company marketing is customer service selection decisions and customer satisfaction indicators. This study investigates how service quality and price affect customer satisfaction. This study uses a cross-sectional approach, with the number of respondents being 100 local tourists...

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Leveraging Digital Preservation Coalition Rapid Assessment Model on Digital Library Transformation: Conceptual Paper

Veninchia Gardenia Nauli, Prio Utomo, Kristianus Ade Sudiyono

Digital transformation has reached all business areas regarding the process, products, and services. One of the areas that is also concerning to this transformation urgency are libraries. Since the pandemic of Covid-19 limited physical access, library with its role to give their resources and services...

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The Dynamic Impact of Rice Production and Harvested Area on Agricultural Product Prices During COVID-19

Lutfi Asnan Qodri, Munawar Ismail, Marlina Ekawaty, Setyo Tri Wahyudi

The Covid-19 pandemic has caused several economic conditions to experience obstacles, especially related to the distribution of rice to the community. Indirectly this can have an impact on the availability of the selling price of rice to the community. The purpose of this article is to analyze the events...

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Factors Affecting Students' Pro-environmental Behavior for Sustainable Development

(A Case Study in An Indonesian University)

Imelda Junita, Fanny Kristine, Sherlywati, Bena Apeles Deru Parayow

Environment is one of three pillars of SDGs in addition to economy and society. Human activities have harmed the environment, which must be remedied by humans engaging in pro-environmental behaviors. University can perform a fundamental role in promoting pro-environmental behaviors for sustainable development....

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Fraud Detection in Local Government (Case Study: Lampung Province)

Navira Erliani, Lindrianasari, Rindu Rika Gamayuni

Fraud in the government sector does not only mean corruption, but can also be interpreted as actions taken by public officials and other parties who are involved in unfair and illegal actions in using the trust that is authorized and given by the community for the benefit of certain parties. The current...

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The Effect of Implementation in Covid-19 Protocol and Workload: Nurses' Performance and Work Motivation as a Mediation Variable in Hospital

Titin Rosdyanti, Ribhan, Keumala Hayati

This study aims to examine the influence of the implementation of COVID-19 health protocols and workload on nurses' performance in hospitals in East Lampung with work motivation as a mediator. It utilized an explanatory quantitative approach with a causal type, involving a sample of 210 respondents....

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Determinants of Carbon Emission Disclosure in Corporate Governance Perspective

Rindy Dwi Ladista, Lindrianasari, Usep Syaipudin

Carbon emissions disclosure in Indonesia is low. This research attempts to examine the determinants of carbon emission disclosure in a corporate governance perspective empirically with the variables as follow: managerial ownership, female director size, directors job specifications, independent commissioner...

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Environmental Quality in Sumatra Island in Economic and Spatial Perspective

Zulfa Emalia, Ida Budiarty, Muhammad Jovi Asnawa

This study aims to analyze the spatial relationship of the Environmental Quality Index (IKLH) of the provinces on the island of Sumatra in 2013–2019. Another objective of this study is to analyze the effect of the primary sector's Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP), population, and number of...

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Keumala Hayati, Indra Caniago

This study examines the influence of organizational justice on task and contextual performance, with job satisfaction as a mediation. Task performance is a performance that is directly related to the main task of the job. Meanwhile, contextual performance is an activity that does not directly support...

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A Mixed Study into Role of the Internal Audit and Risk Management on the Private Higher Education

Tedy Setiawan Saputra, Ismandra

The study aims to investigate how the implementation and role of internal audit and risk management in private higher education, and also to design a new model of the role of internal audit and risk management for private higher education institutions in the industry 4.0 eras. The study was conducted...

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University Merger (Systematic Literature Review)

Arum Arupi Kusnindar, Aditia Yudis Puspitasar, Dewi Mariam Widiniarsih

Merger is one of the strategic steps to gain competitive advantage in university development. Merger is a form of collaboration and synergy between one institution and another. The theme of the merger has also been discussed in articles published on Scopus or Google Scholar. This article does the mapping...

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Bibliometric Visualization of Research Regarding Performance Measurement System (PMS) During the Covid-19 Pandemic Using VOSviewer

Erni Febriani, Rindu Rika Gamayuni, Usep Syaipudin

The impact of the Corona Virus Disease (covid-19) pandemic has reduced the stability of the world economy. One of the most common phenomena is the decline in performance during the COVID-19 pandemic. This research is a bibliometric visualization by taking journals through the publish or perish application...

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Social Media Micro-enterprise: Utilizing Social Media Influencers, Marketing Contents and Viral Marketing Campaigns to Increase Customer Engagement

Erwin Erwin, Yuyun Karystin Meilisa Suade, Nur Alam

Business actors now frequently use social media as a means of both product promotion and product sales. Today's micro-businesses have benefited from a variety of social media trends to promote their businesses. The purpose of this study was to analyze the effect of using social media influencers, marketing...

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Go Syariah: Android-Based Application in Gaining Knowledge for MSMEs

Endang Sondari, Larisa Yohanna, Syahid Syahid

This research aims to provide knowledge about Islamic financial institutions for micro, small, and medium enterprises (MSMEs) by making the Go Syariah application android-based. This research aims to determine the level of digital literacy and the application of ecommerce for Micro, Small and Medium...

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Web Based Accounting Information System Application Design with Prototype Method (Study on The National Flagship Cooperative of Prosperous Green Farmers)

Neny Desriani, Harsono Edwin Puspita, Aulia Ramadina Salsabila, Mutiasari Nur Wulan, Hilda Ratna Dewi

This study develops a program for the Tani Hujau Makmur Cooperative in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung Province, to create a web-based cooperative accounting information system application in an effort to assist the community, particularly cooperatives. The application design method used is the prototyping...

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Factors Affecting Students' Pro-environmental Behavior for Sustainable Development

(A Case Study in An Indonesian University)

Imelda Junita^(⋈), Fanny Kristine, Sherlywati, and Bena Apeles Deru Parayow

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Abstract. Environment is one of three pillars of SDGs in addition to economy and society. Human activities have harmed the environment, which must be remedied by humans engaging in pro-environmental behaviors. University can perform a fundamental role in promoting pro-environmental behaviors for sustainable development. This study aims to verify the factors that affect pro-environmental behaviors among students in an Indonesian university so that the university can encourage pro-environmental behaviors. This study used a quantitative approach to investigate the relationship between personal factors, social factors, and environmental factors on students' pro-environmental behaviors. The results of this study found that there was a positive and significant direct effect between personal factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.307 and p value < 0.05. This means that an increase in personal factors will increase pro-environmental behaviors by 30.70%. There was also a positive and significant direct effect between social factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.611 and p value < 0.05. This means that an increase in social factors will also increase pro-environmental behaviors by 61.10%. All factors simultaneously affect pro-environmental behaviors by 54.1%. As implications of this study, some recommendations to the university are suggested.

Keywords: personal factor \cdot social factors \cdot environment factors \cdot pro-environmental behaviors \cdot sustainable development

1 Introduction

Human activities in the last few decades, as a result of technological advancement and globalization, have caused serious environmental and conservation issues, such as pollution, deforestation, species extinction, climate change, and global warming [1]. Studies about environmental problems were emphasized [2–7]. These environmental issues cause a change in the quality or quantity of the earth's system (air, water, soil, etc.) that has an immediate or indirect impact on everything on the planet. A variety of environmental issues transform local issues into regional and global issues, and the issues ultimately affect our entire world [8].

Environmental issues have serious health consequences as well as global economic consequences [9]. If the environment continues to deteriorate, human life will be jeopardized. Air pollution from transportation and mill smoke has increased the amount of toxic gas in the air, causing a variety of illnesses. Humans suffer as a result of water and soil pollution caused by industrial sewage, pesticides, and garbage disposal. These could result in malnutrition, increased morbidity, and premature death [6, 10]. By reducing the quantity and quality of natural resources, environmental degradation predisposes economic development and welfare. The environment provides the economy with natural resources. These natural resources are essential inputs for production in many sectors. A study by World Bank (2013) on monetary losses of environmental sanity and natural resources in India reported the estimation of total cost of environmental damage in India at about US\$80 billion annually. This cost was equivalent to 5.7% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2009 [11].

Many countries have become more proactive and conscious of environmental issues in their daily lives in recent years as a result of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In addition to the economy and society, the environment is one of the three SDG pillars [12]. The Environmental Performance Index (EPI) provides a quantitative basis for comparing, reviewing, and capturing the environmental performance of many countries around the world. EPI will score and rank 180 countries in 2022 based on their environmental performance, including climate change performance, environmental health, and ecosystem vitality. Indonesia was ranked 164th in the world in EPI 2022, with a total score of 28,20. This result indicated that Indonesia was still a long way from meeting internationally specified sustainability targets for environmental health, ecosystem vitality, and climate change mitigation. Water pollution from domestic wastes and industrial sewage, air pollution from vehicles and industry in urban areas, and forest fires are all examples of human-caused environmental issues in Indonesia. Forest degradation is also a result of fires and unregulated cutting, which endangers biodiversity.

Higher education institutions, as a part of the nation, can play a critical role in environmental sustainability. Universities can provide environmental education, skilled labor, and knowledgeable experts to address serious environmental issues [14]. Universities become role models of environment preservation and practices for sustainable development [15]. Because environmental degradation is caused by human activities, these issues must be addressed by humans by changing their behavior. It is critical to comprehend the pro-environmental behaviors of university students [16].

Individual actions that contribute to environmental sustainability, such as reducing energy consumption, recycling waste, taking public transportation, and so on, are examples of pro-environmental behaviors [17]. According to Fei et al. (2018) [16], pro-environmental behaviors necessitated consideration of the following factors:

Personal factors

Personal norms are individuals' moral expectations of how they should behave based on their moral values, which are accommodated by personal factors. These factors compel an individual to take moral responsibility for acting in an environmentally responsible manner.

Social factors

Social norms and social media are two examples of social factors. Social norms are factors that influence an individual's pro-environmental behavior. Social norms influence behavior through social expectations of what is appropriate or inappropriate. These also provide information about what emerges as the most appropriate behaviors based on the ideas of others. Changes in social norms can lead to shifts in assumptions and behaviors. Meanwhile, social media is a primary source of information for society to learn more about environmental issues.

Environmental Factors

Environmental factors include environmental knowledge and environmental attitudes. Environmental knowledge is an understanding of an individual towards the human actions that influence the ecosystem. Meanwhile, environmental attitudes come from education and life experiences. Environmental attitudes are the judgements that people make about the action they like or dislike.

Many studies in the field of pro-environmental behaviors have been reviewed by many researchers. Blankenberg & Alhusen (2019) summarized that pro-environmental behaviors are determined by interaction of socio-demographics, psychological, individual, social, and institutional determinants which vary in their intension [18]. Other studies highlighted pro-environmental behaviors in education institutions [19, 14, 16, 20, 15]. Developed Likert-scale questionnaires in order to evaluate environmental attitudes and behaviors of university students. Discussed about a higher education institution's effort to build healthy environment and natural resources preservation in India investigated factors influenced pro-environmental behaviors among university students in Malaysia. Analyzed the lineal effects of personality on pro-environmental behaviors among students. Explained some factors influencing university students' attention and participation in environmental development. This study included students from a Turkish university and a Romanian university. The findings revealed that students' environmental attitudes and behaviors at both universities were comparable, but there were some differences as a result of cross-cultural environmental education.

Based on the research background, it is crucial to get a better understanding about pro-environmental behaviors and factors affecting it. The purpose of this study is to verify the factors that affect pro-environmental behaviors among students in an Indonesian university so that the university can encourage pro-environmental behaviors. The university is in Bandung, West Java. West Java is a region in Indonesia on the westward zone of the island of Java which is known as the most populous province in Indonesia. Bandung is the capital city of West Java which is also one of the most densely populated cities in the world. In West Java, some natural resources including forest, soil, air, and water must be conserved in order to develop sustainability. Furthermore, the Citarum River in West Java is regarded as one of the world's most polluted rivers. Understanding pro-environmental behaviors among students allows universities to develop guidance and direction for resolving environmental issues.

2 Research Method

This study used a quantitative approach to explore the relationship among cause-and-effect variables. Primary data were collected from university students as respondents in this study using questionnaires adapted from [16]. The questionnaires were completed by a total of 119 university students.

Figure 1 depicts a conceptual framework model used in this study to examine the relationship between independent variables (personal factors, social factors, and environmental factors) and dependent variables (pro-environmental behaviors) among university students.

Summary of variables can be seen on Table 1:

The questionnaire consisted of three sections. Section 1 was compiled to obtain demographic characteristics of the respondents such as gender, age, and place of origin. In Sect. 2, independent variables which are factors affecting pro-environmental behaviors was developed. Respondents are asked to select the Likert Scale option ranging from 'strongly disagree' to 'strongly agree' (1–5) for each item that best reflects their perception. Section 3 consisted of dependent variable which is pro-environmental behaviors as measured by Likert Scale 'never' to 'very often' (1–5).

Descriptive statistic is used to organize and recapitulate the data from questionnaires into a configuration that easier to understand. The data was also analyzed by verifying the validity and reliability. Validity test was carried out to explain how well the instrument assesses what is intended to be assessed [21]. A convergent validity test was carried out using the outer loadings parameter based on the SmartPLS algorithm. Outer loadings is a table that contains loading factors that demonstrate the relationship between indicators

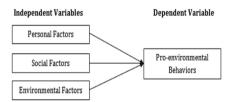


Fig. 1. Conceptual Framework

Table 1.	Summary	of	V	aria	bles
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Variables	Number of Items	Likert Scale
Personal Factors	4	Strongly Disagree to Strongly Agree (1–5)
Social Factors	7	Strongly Disagree to Strongly Agree (1–5)
Environmental Factor	9	Strongly Disagree to Strongly Agree (1–5)
Pro-environmental Behaviours	14	Never to Very Often (1–5)

and latent variables. When the loading factor value is greater than 0.7, it is said to be valid. Reliability test by using Cronbach's alpha values was conducted to measure internal consistency and stability of the instrument [22]. Furthermore, SmartPLS was used to examine the effects of variables using Partial Least Square.

3 Results

Table 2 showed the demographic characteristics of the respondents.

Subsequently, the results of outer loadings parameter obtained from SmartPLS algorithm can be seen on Table 3.

From Table 3, we can see that all loading factor values > 0.7. Thus, all variables are valid. Meanwhile, the reliability values which are indicated by Cronbach's alpha value obtained from SmartPLS algorithm can be seen in Table 4.

From Table 4, we can see Cronbach's alpha values on personal factors and proenvironmental ≥ 0.81 . Therefore, the values can be described as robust. Meanwhile, the Cronbach's alpha values on social factors and environmental factors ≥ 0.84 , thus the values can be described as reliable (Taber, 2017).

Descriptive statistics of independent and dependent variables are shown in Tables 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Further analysis was carried out by observing the values of path coefficient that indicate direct effects of exogenous latent variable on endogenous latent variable, which can be seen on Table 9. Path coefficients values range from -1 to + 1. The P values that indicate the level of significant can be seen on Table 10.

According to Tables 11 and 10, there is a positive and significant direct effect between personal factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.307 and p

Dimensions	Category	Number of Respondents	Percentage
Gender	Male	36	30%
	Female	83	70%
Age	< 18 years	7	6%
	18–20 years	88	74%
	> 20 years	24	20%
Place of Origin	Sumatera	13	11%
	Jawa	94	79%
	Kalimantan	2	2%
	Sulawesi	1	1%
	Papua	4	3%
	Other	5	4%
Total Number of l	Respondents	119	

Table 2. Demographics Characteristics of Respondents

Table 3. Outer Loadings

	Environmental Factors	Personal Factors	Pro. Environmental Behaviours	Social Factors
EF 1	0,758			
EF3	0,764			
EF 5	0,707			
EF 8	0,881			
EF 9	0,800			
PEB10			0,841	
PEB11			0,784	
PEB5			0,797	
PEB9			0,775	
PF1		0,942		
PF2		0,913		
SF1				0,734
SF3				0,748
SF5				0,815
SF6				0,839
SF7				0,786

Table 4. Construct Reliability

	Cronbach's Alpha	rho_A	Composite Reliability	Average Variance Extracted (AVE)
Environmental.Factors	0,873	0,898	0,888	0,615
Personal Factors	0,839	0,861	0,925	0,860
Pro Environmental.Behaviours	0,812	0,814	0,876	0,639
Social.Factors	0,845	0,853	0,889	0,617

value < 0.05. This means that if personal factors increase by 1-unit, pro-environmental behaviors will also increase by 30.70%. In addition, there is also a positive and significant direct effect between social factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.611 and p value < 0.05. This means that if social factors increase by 1-unit, pro-environmental behaviors will also increase by 61.10%. The influence of social factors

Factor	Statement	Mean	Standard Deviation
Personal Factor 1	It is important to me to assure whether to products I buy are environmentally friendly.	3,97	0,91
Personal Factor 2	If I can choose between environmentally friendly and conventional, I prefer to buy.	4,15	0,82
Personal Factor 3	I feel a moral responsibility to protect the environment.	4,45	0,75
Personal Factor 4	I feel it is important for society in general to protect the environment.	4,71	0,52

Table 5. Descriptive Statistics of Personal Factors

Table 6. Descriptive Statistics of Social Factors

Factor	Statement	Mean	Standard Deviation
Social Factor 1	My family members encourage meto preserve the environment.	4,04	0,84
Social Factor 2	My lecturers encourage meto preserve the environment.	4,10	0,86
Social Factor 3	My friends encourage me to preserve the environment.	3,73	0,93
Social Factor 4	I will do so if I see others doing environmental preservation.	4,38	0,71
Social Factor 5	I concern about environmental campaigns through social media (facebook, instagram, youtube, etc.).	3,91	0,90
Social Factor 6	I will watchor read the news or content about environmental issues caused by humans action through social media (facebook, instagram, youtube, etc.).	3,87	0,93
Social Factor 7	I will give my comments about the news or content about environmental issues through social media (facebook, instagram, youtube, etc.).	3,18	1,16

on pro-environmental behaviors is greater than the influence of personal factors on pro-environmental behaviors. Meanwhile, environmental factors have no significant effect on pro-environmental behaviors because p value > 0.05. This means that an increase or decrease in environmental factors will not affect pro-environmental behaviors. The results do not confirm the study result by Fei (2017) that found all the factors (personal factors, social factors, and environmental factors) have positive significant correlation to pro-environmental behaviors. The study by Fei (2017) also found that the influence of

Table 7. Descriptive Statistics of Environmental Factors

Factor	Statement	Mean	Standard Deviation
Environmental Factor 1	Plants and animals are important to maintain the balance of ecosystem.	4,64	0,65
Environmental Factor 2	The condition of our environments will affect our health.	4,71	0,58
Environmental Factor 3	Forest destruction will cause biological imbalance.	4,70	0,57
Environmental Factor 4	Natural resources should be preserved for future generation.	4,74	0,55
Environmental Factor 5	A country will run out of natural resources in the future if these natural resources are not conserved.	4,76	1,10
Environmental Factor 6	Using public transport can help to reduce air pollution.	4,09	0,94
Environmental Factor 7	Vehicles improperly maintain will cause pollution.	4,32	0,62
Environmental Factor 8	If we disturb the balance of nature, it will result in natural disasters.	4,56	0,63
Environmental Factor 9	Humans must live in harmony with nature in order to survive.	4,57	1,22

personal factors on pro-environmental behaviors is greater than the influence of social factors on pro-environmental behaviors.

The coefficient of determination (R Square) is a manner to appraise how much an endogenous construct can be explained by an exogenous construct. The value of the coefficient of determination (R Square) is supposed to be between 0 and 1. Meanwhile, the Adjusted R Square is the R Square value has been justified based on the standard error value. Adjusted R Square value allows a stronger description than R Square in estimating the potential of an exogenous construct to clarify endogenous constructs. The value of R square can be seen on Table 11.

According to Table 11, all factors simultaneously affect pro-environmental behaviors by 54.1% or it can be said that the exogenous construct factors have medium influence on the endogenous construct (pro-environmental behaviors).

 Table 8. Descriptive Statistics of Pro-Environmental Behaviours

Pro-environmental Behavior	Statement	Mean	Standard Deviation
PEB 1	I use public transpartion instead of private vehicles to travel.	3,07	1,22
PEB 2	I bring my own dringking bottle instead of buying bottled water when I travel.	3,91	1,20
PEB 3	I walk or cycle for short journey.	3,78	1,02
PEB 4	I dispose of waste by sorting between organic waste and inorganic wate.	3,76	0,94
PEB 5	I like buying organic products.	3,39	0,82
PEB 6	I turn off the light when I leave the room.	4,44	0,85
PEB 7	I turn off electronic equipment when not using it.	4,44	0,85
PEB 8	I recycle pastics, paper, glass and cans.	4,37	1,21
PEB 9	I participate in environmental conservation activities.	2,70	1,27
PEB 10	I talk about the importance of the enronments with others.	2,66	1,11
PEB 11	I avoid using products that pollute the environment.	3,37	0,98
PEB 12	I clean up the food waste and cutlery in the foodcourt/restaurant after meals.	3,55	0,85
PEB 13	I prefer to bring lunch from home than buying food when I go to college.	4,18	1,19
PEB 14	I like to use reusable bags for shopping instead of using plastic bags.	3,39	1,11

Table 9. PATH COEFFICIENTS

	Pro Environmental Behaviours		
Environmental Factors	-0,208		
Personal Factors	0,307		
Soacial Factors	0,611		

Table 10. P Values

	P Values
Environmental Factors - Pro Environmental Behaviours	0,068
Personal Factors - Pro Environmental Behaviours	0,000
Social Factors - Pro Environmental Behaviours	0,000

Table 11. R Square

	R Square	R Square Adjusted
Pro. Environmental Behaviours	0,552	0,541

4 Conclusion

This study has examined factors affecting pro-environmental practices, namely personal factors, social factors, and environment factors. The results of this study found that there was a positive and significant direct effect between personal factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.307 and p value < 0.05, which means an increase in personal factors will increase pro-environmental behaviors by 30.70%. This could be due to adherence to personal norms related to feelings of pride and guilt towards proenvironmental behaviors (Fei, 2017). There was also a positive and significant direct effect between social factors on pro-environmental behaviors with a coefficient value of 0.611 and p value < 0.05. This means an increase in social factors will also increase pro-environmental behaviors by 61.10%. This could be due to the fact that university students are more likely to actively engage in pro-environmental behaviors as a result of social influences from family members, friends, lecturers, or the campus. Social media as a media of communication for youths today can guide to better pro-environmental behaviors. All factors (personal factors, social factors, and environment factors) simultaneously affect pro-environmental behaviors by 54.1%. The results that showed the influence of social factors is greater than the influence of personal factors, hence the university can make policy that encourage the students to be more responsible in practicing

pro-environmental behaviors. The university may also use social media such as Face-book or Instagram to promote the consciousness of the students about pro-environmental behaviors.

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