

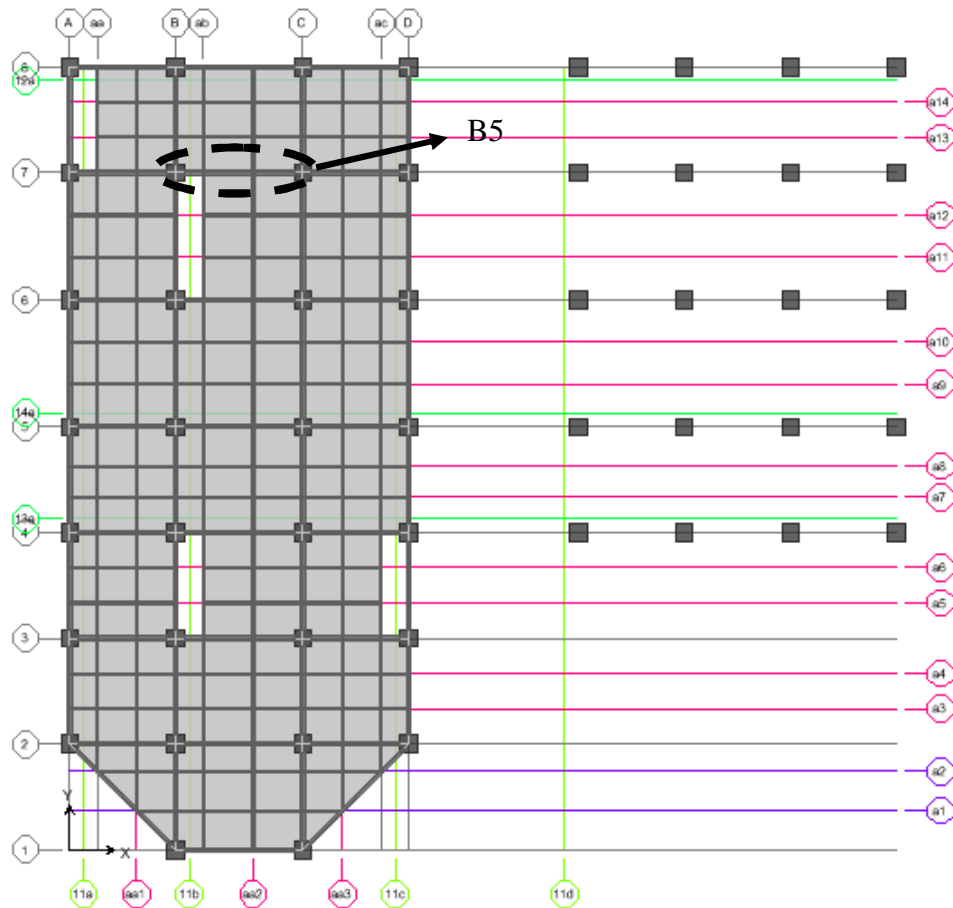
# LAMPIRAN I

## PERHITUNGAN KAPASITAS GESER DAN LENTUR

### BALOK BAJA

#### L.1.1 Desain Balok

Jenis balok yang akan ditinjau dalam kasus ini adalah balok induk dengan profil IWF 400.200.8.13 mm, dan balok anak dengan profil IWF yang berukuran 200.100.8.11 mm.



**Gambar L2.1 Lokasi Balok yang Ditinjau (B5)**

Data Profil Balok: IWF 400.200.8.13- BJ.37

$h = 400 \text{ mm}$        $C_x = 42.3 \text{ mm}$        $i_x = 168 \text{ mm}$

$$\begin{aligned}
b &= 200 \text{ mm} & C_r &= 16 \text{ mm} & i_y &= 45.4 \text{ mm} \\
t_w &= 8 \text{ mm} & A_g &= 6600 \text{ mm}^2 \\
t_f &= 13 \text{ mm} & I_x &= 2,37 \cdot 10^8 \text{ mm}^4 \\
f_y &= 240 \text{ mm} & f_u &= 370 \text{ mm} & E &= 200000 \text{ Mpa}
\end{aligned}$$

Output ETABS 9.7.2 untuk hasil gaya  $V_u$  dan  $M_u$  balok yang ditinjau adalah:

$$V_u = -74013,600 \text{ N}$$

$$M_u = -86899391,600 \text{ Nmm}$$

### Cek Balok Terhadap Geser

$$\frac{h'}{t_w} = \frac{h - 2 \cdot (C_r + t_f)}{t_w} = \frac{400 - 2 \cdot (16 + 13)}{8} = 42,75$$

$$1,10 \sqrt{\frac{K_n \times E}{f_y}} = 1,10 \sqrt{\frac{5 \times 200000}{240}} = 71,0047$$

$$\frac{h'}{t_w} = 42,75 < 1,10 \sqrt{\frac{K_n \times E}{f_y}} = 71,0047$$

$$\begin{aligned}
V_n &= 0,6 \cdot f_y \cdot A_w \\
&= 0,6 \cdot 240 \cdot (400 \cdot 8) \\
&= 460800 \text{ N}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi V_n = 0,9 \cdot 460800 = 414720 \text{ N}$$

$$\phi V_n = 414720 \text{ N} > V_u = 74013,600 \text{ N} \longrightarrow \text{OK!}$$

$\therefore$  Balok kuat terhadap geser

### Cek Kelangsingan Penampang

Cek Sayap:

$$\lambda_f = \frac{b}{2 \cdot t_s} = \frac{200}{2 \cdot 13} = 7,69$$

$$\lambda_{pf} = \frac{170}{\sqrt{f_y}} = \frac{170}{\sqrt{240}} = 11$$

$$\lambda_f = 7,69 < \lambda_{pf} = 11 \rightarrow \text{Sayap kompak}$$

Cek Badan:

$$\lambda_w = \frac{h'}{t_w} = \frac{h - 2 \cdot (C_r + t_f)}{t_w} = \frac{400 - 2 \cdot (16 + 13)}{8} = 42,75$$

$$\lambda_{pw} = \frac{1680}{\sqrt{f_y}} = \frac{1680}{\sqrt{240}} = 108,4$$

$\lambda_w = 42.75 < \lambda_{pw} = 108,4 \rightarrow$  Badan kompak

$\therefore$  Maka penampang kompak  $\rightarrow M_n = M_p = Z_x \cdot f_y$

### Cek Balok Terhadap Lentur

$$\begin{aligned} M_n = M_p &= Z_x \cdot f_y \\ &= A \cdot (h/2 - C_x) \cdot f_y \\ &= 6600 \cdot (400/2 - 42.3) \cdot 240 \\ &= 249796800 \text{ Nmm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi M_n = 0,9 \cdot 249796800 = 224817120 \text{ Nmm}$$

$$\phi M_n = 224817120 \text{ Nmm} > M_u = 86899391,600 \text{ Nmm} \longrightarrow \text{OK!}$$

$\therefore$  Balok kuat terhadap lentur

### Cek lendutan

$$\Delta_{ETABS} = 3,579 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta_{ijin} = \frac{L_{balok}}{240} = \frac{6000}{240} = 25 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta = 3,579 \text{ mm} < \Delta_{ijin} = 25 \text{ mm} \longrightarrow \text{OK!}$$

$\therefore$  Balok kaku

## LAMPIRAN II

### VERIFIKASI *SOFTWARE*

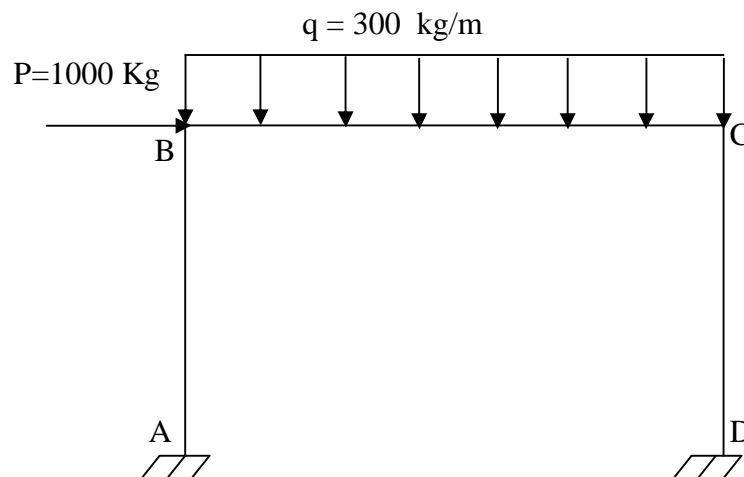
#### L2.1 Verifikasi *Software*

Untuk memvalidasi hasil perangkat lunak (*software*) maka pada Lampiran II ini disertakan hasil perhitungan secara manual dengan menggunakan dasar teori Analisis Struktur Metode Matrik berdasarkan teori Holzer [Holzer, 1985] dibandingkan dengan hasil ETABS dengan tinjauan studi kasus portal statis tak tentu.

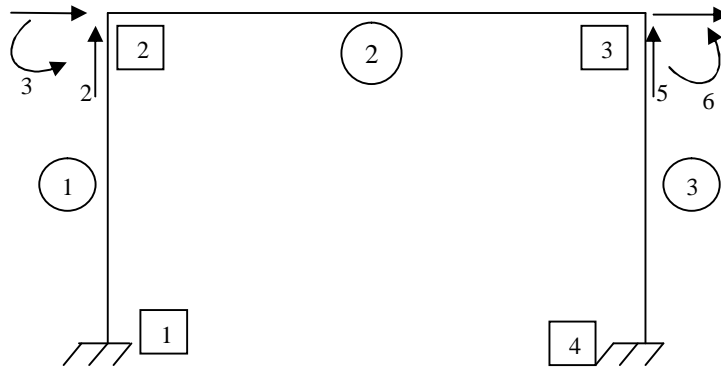
Diketahui struktur statis tak tentu dengan tinggi 4 meter dan lebar 4 meter. Adapun data struktur seperti yang tercantum dibawah ini.

B	= 0,2 m	I	= 0,000260417 m <sup>4</sup>
H	= 0,25 m	A	= 0,05 m <sup>2</sup>
E	= 10 <sup>9</sup> kg/m <sup>2</sup>		

Dengan beban seperti yang terdapat pada Gambar L2.1



**Gambar L2.1 Portal Perletakan Jepit-jepit**



**Gambar L2.2 DOF Struktur**

$$Mcode = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

1. Menghitung matriks kekakuan struktur tiap elemen

a. Elemen 1 (Batang AB)

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{EI_{ab}}{L_{ab}^3} = 4069,010417$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{AL_{ab}^2}{I_{ab}} = 454,43787$$

$$c_{11} = \frac{0}{L_{ab}} = 0$$

$$c_{12} = \frac{-L_{ab}}{L_{ab}} = -1$$

$$g_{11} = \alpha_1(\beta_1 \cdot c_{11}^2 + 12 \cdot c_{12}^2) = 48828,125$$

$$g_{12} = \alpha_1 \cdot c_{11} \cdot c_{12} (\beta_1 - 12) = 0$$

$$g_{13} = \alpha_1(\beta_1 \cdot c_{12}^2 + 12 \cdot c_{11}^2) = 12500000$$

$$g_{14} = -\alpha_1 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{ab} \cdot c_{12} = -97656,25$$

$$g_{15} = \alpha_1 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{ab} \cdot c_{11} = 0$$

$$g_{16} = \alpha_1 \cdot 4L_{ab}^2 = 260416,6667$$

$$g_{17} = \alpha_1 \cdot 2L_{ab}^2 = 130208,333$$

**Matrik kekakuan**

$$K^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{11} & g_{12} & g_{14} & -g_{11} & -g_{12} & g_{14} \\ g_{12} & g_{13} & g_{15} & -g_{12} & -g_{13} & g_{15} \\ g_{14} & g_{15} & g_{16} & -g_{14} & -g_{15} & g_{17} \\ -g_{11} & -g_{12} & -g_{14} & g_{11} & g_{12} & -g_{14} \\ -g_{12} & -g_{13} & -g_{15} & g_{12} & g_{13} & -g_{15} \\ g_{14} & g_{15} & g_{17} & g_{14} & -g_{15} & g_{16} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 & -48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 \\ 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 & -12500000 & 0 \\ -97656,25 & 0 & 260416,6667 & 97656,25 & 0 & 130208,3333 \\ -48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 & 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 \\ -97656,25 & 0 & 130208,3333 & 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,667 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{M} K^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,7 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

b. Elemen 2 (Batang BC)

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{EI_{bc}}{L_{bc}^3} = 4069,010417$$

$$\beta_2 = \frac{AL_{bc}^2}{I_{bc}} = 3072$$

$$c_{21} = \frac{L_{bc}}{L_{bc}} = 1$$

$$c_{22} = \frac{0}{L_{bc}} = 0$$

$$g_{21} = \alpha_2(\beta_2 \cdot c_{21}^2 + 12 \cdot c_{22}^2) = 12500000$$

$$g_{22} = \alpha_2 \cdot c_{21} \cdot c_{22}(\beta_2 - 12) = 0$$

$$g_{23} = \alpha_2(\beta_2 \cdot c_{22}^2 + 12c_{21}^2) = 48828,125$$

$$g_{24} = -\alpha_2 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{bc} \cdot c_{22} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
g_{25} &= \alpha_2 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{bc} \cdot c_{21} &= 97656,25 \\
g_{26} &= \alpha_2 \cdot 4 L_{bc}^2 &= 260416,6667 \\
g_{27} &= \alpha_2 \cdot 2 L_{bc}^2 &= 130208,333
\end{aligned}$$

**Matrik kekakuan**

$$\begin{aligned}
K^{(2)} &= \begin{pmatrix} g_{21} & g_{22} & g_{24} & -g_{21} & -g_{22} & g_{24} \\ g_{22} & g_{23} & g_{25} & -g_{22} & -g_{23} & g_{25} \\ g_{24} & g_{25} & g_{26} & -g_{24} & -g_{25} & g_{27} \\ -g_{21} & -g_{22} & -g_{24} & g_{21} & g_{22} & -g_{24} \\ -g_{22} & -g_{23} & -g_{25} & g_{22} & g_{23} & -g_{25} \\ g_{24} & g_{25} & g_{27} & g_{24} & -g_{25} & g_{26} \end{pmatrix} \\
K^{(2)} &= \begin{pmatrix} 12500000 & 0 & 0 & -12500000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 & 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 260416,6667 & 0 & -97656,25 & 130208,3333 \\ -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -48828,125 & -97656,25 & 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 130208,3333 & 0 & 97656,25 & 260416,667 \end{pmatrix} \\
\underline{M} K^1 &= \begin{pmatrix} 12500000 & 0 & 0 & -12500000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 & 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 260416,6667 & 0 & -97656,25 & 130208,3333 \\ -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -48828,125 & -97656,25 & 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 130208,3333 & 0 & 97656,25 & 260416,667 \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

c. Elemen 3 (Batang CD)

$$\begin{aligned}
\alpha_3 &= \frac{EI_{cd}}{L_{cd}^3} = 4069,010417 \\
\beta_3 &= \frac{AL_{cd}^2}{I_{cd}} = 454,43787 \\
c_{31} &= \frac{0}{L_{cd}} = 0 \\
c_{32} &= \frac{-L_{cd}}{L_{cd}} = -1 \\
g_{31} &= \alpha_3 (\beta_3 \cdot c_{31}^2 + 12 \cdot c_{32}^2) = 48828,125
\end{aligned}$$

$$g_{32} = \alpha_3 \cdot c_{31} \cdot c_{32} (\beta_3 - 12) = 0$$

$$g_{33} = \alpha_3 (\beta_3 \cdot c_{32}^2 + 12c_{31}^2) = 12500000$$

$$g_{34} = -\alpha_3 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{cd} \cdot c_{32} = -97656,25$$

$$g_{35} = \alpha_3 \cdot 6 \cdot L_{cd} \cdot c_{31} = 0$$

$$g_{36} = \alpha_3 \cdot 4L_{cd}^2 = 260416,6667$$

$$g_{37} = \alpha_3 \cdot 2L_{cd}^2 = 130208,333$$

### Matriks Kekakuan

$$K^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{31} & g_{32} & g_{34} & -g_{31} & -g_{32} & g_{34} \\ g_{32} & g_{33} & g_{35} & -g_{32} & -g_{33} & g_{35} \\ g_{34} & g_{35} & g_{36} & -g_{34} & -g_{35} & g_{37} \\ -g_{31} & -g_{32} & -g_{34} & g_{31} & g_{32} & -g_{34} \\ -g_{32} & -g_{33} & -g_{35} & g_{32} & g_{33} & -g_{35} \\ g_{34} & g_{35} & g_{37} & g_{34} & -g_{35} & g_{36} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} 48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 & -48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 \\ 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 & -12500000 & 0 \\ -97656,25 & 0 & 260416,6667 & 97656,25 & 0 & 130208,3333 \\ -48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 & 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 \\ -97656,25 & 0 & 130208,3333 & 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,667 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{M} \cdot K^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,7 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$K = K^1 + K^2 + K^3$$

$$K = \begin{pmatrix} 1,25488e7 & 0 & 9,76563e4 & -1,25e7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1,25488e7 & 9,76563e4 & 0 & -4,88218e4 & 9,76563e4 \\ 9,76563e4 & 9,76563e4 & 5,20833e5 & 0 & 9,76563e4 & 1,30208e5 \\ -1,25e7 & 0 & 0 & 1,25488e7 & 0 & 9,76563e4 \\ 0 & -4,88218e4 & -9,76563e4 & 0 & 1,25488e7 & -9,76563e4 \\ 0 & 9,76563e4 & 1,30208e5 & 9,76563e4 & -9,76563e4 & 5,20833e5 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2. Menghitung matriks beban

$$\bar{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1000 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{F}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{F}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}q_1 \cdot L_{bc} \\ \frac{1}{12}q_1 \cdot L_{bc}^2 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{12}q_1 \cdot L_{bc} \\ -\frac{1}{12}q_1 \cdot L_{bc}^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 600 \\ 400 \\ 0 \\ 600 \\ -400 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{F}^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{Q} = \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{F}^{(i)}$$

$$\hat{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 600 & 2 \\ 400 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 600 & 5 \\ -400 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = \bar{Q} - \hat{Q}$$

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 1000 \\ -600 \\ -400 \\ 0 \\ -600 \\ 400 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Menghitung matriks peralihan titik nodal  $q$

$$K.q = Q$$

$$q = K^{-1}Q$$

$$q = \begin{pmatrix} 0.014681903 \\ -1.37525E-05 \\ -0.003238957 \\ 0.01463395 \\ -8.22475E-05 \\ -0.001178969 \end{pmatrix}$$

4. Mencari gaya reaksi

$$\bar{F} = K^{(i)}D + \hat{F}$$

$$\bar{F}^1 = K^{(1)}D + \hat{F}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -12500000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 97656,25 & 0 & 130208,333 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,6667 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0,014681903 \\ -1,37525E^{-05} \\ -0,003238957 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -400,5854 \\ 171,9064 \\ 1012,04 \\ 400,5854 \\ -171,9064 \\ 590,3001 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} H_A \\ V_A \\ M_A \\ H_B \\ V_B \\ M_B \end{matrix}$$

$$\bar{F}^2 = K^{(2)}D + \bar{F}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 12500000 & 0 & 0 & -1250000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 48828,125 & 97656,25 & 0 & -48828,125 & 97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 260416,6667 & 0 & -97656,25 & 130208,333 \\ -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -48828,125 & -97656,25 & 0 & 48828,125 & -97656,25 \\ 0 & 97656,25 & 130208,333 & 0 & -97656,25 & 260416,6667 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0,014681903 \\ -1,37525E-05 \\ -0,003238957 \\ 0,01463395 \\ -8,22475E-05 \\ -0,001178969 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1000 \\ -600 \\ -400 \\ 0 \\ -600 \\ 400 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{matrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 599,4146341 \\ -428,0936455 \\ -990,3011121 \\ -599,4146341 \\ 428,0936455 \\ 722,0734698 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} H_B \\ V_B \\ M_B \\ H_C \\ V_C \\ M_C \end{matrix}$$

$$\bar{F}^3 = K^{(3)}D + \hat{F}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 48828,125 & 0 & 97656,25 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12500000 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 97656,25 & 0 & 260416,6667 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -48828,125 & 0 & -97656,25 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -12500000 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 97656,25 & 0 & 130208,333 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0,014681903 \\ -1,37525E^{-05} \\ -0,003238957 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 599,4146 \\ -1028,094 \\ 1122,073 \\ -599,4146 \\ 1028,094 \\ 1275,585 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} H_C \\ V_C \\ M_C \\ H_D \\ V_D \\ M_D \end{matrix}$$

### Dengan menggunakan metode *slope deflection*

Pada lampiran ini juga disertakan perhitungan menggunakan metode *slope deflection* [Hibbeler, 2011]. Secara umum dapat disimpulkan bahwa hasil analisis dengan software valid.

$$M_{AB}^{\circ} = 0$$

$$M_{BA}^{\circ} = 0$$

$$M_{BC}^{\circ} = -\frac{1}{12}qL^2 = -\frac{1}{12}300.4^2 = -400 \text{ kg}$$

$$M_{CB}^{\circ} = \frac{1}{12}qL^2 = \frac{1}{12}300.4^2 = 400 \text{ kg}$$

$$M_{CD}^{\circ} = 0$$

$$M_{DC}^{\circ} = 0$$

$$M_{AB} = M_{AB}^{\circ} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_A + \theta_B - 3\frac{\Delta}{L})$$

$$M_{AB} = 0 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_A + \theta_B - 3\frac{\Delta}{4})$$

$$M_{AB} = \frac{2\theta_B}{4}EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16}EI$$

$$M_{BA} = M^{\circ}_{BA} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_B + \theta_A - 3\frac{\Delta}{L})$$

$$M_{BA} = 0 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_B + \theta_A - 3\frac{\Delta}{4})$$

$$M_{BA} = \theta_B EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI$$

$$M_{BC} = M^{\circ}_{BC} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_B + \theta_C)$$

$$M_{BC} = -400 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_B + \theta_C)$$

$$M_{BC} = -400 + \theta_B EI + \frac{2}{4}\theta_C EI$$

$$M_{CB} = M^{\circ}_{CB} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_C + \theta_B)$$

$$M_{CB} = 400 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_C + \theta_B)$$

$$M_{CB} = 400 + \frac{2}{4}\theta_B EI + \theta_C EI$$

$$M_{CD} = M^{\circ}_{CD} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_C + \theta_D - 3\frac{\Delta}{L})$$

$$M_{CD} = 0 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_C + \theta_D - 3\frac{\Delta}{4})$$

$$M_{CD} = \theta_C EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI$$

$$M_{DC} = M^{\circ}_{DC} + \frac{2EI}{L}(2\theta_D + \theta_C - 3\frac{\Delta}{L})$$

$$M_{DC} = 0 + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_D + \theta_C - 3\frac{\Delta}{4})$$

$$M_{DC} = \frac{2\theta_C}{4} EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI$$

**Meninjau Titik B**

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0$$

$$\theta_B EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI - 400 + \theta_B EI + \frac{2}{4} \theta_C EI = 0$$

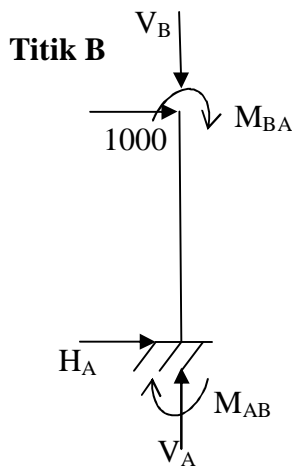
$$2\theta_B EI + \frac{2}{4} \theta_C EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI = 400 \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

**Meninjau Titik C**

$$M_{CB} + M_{CD} = 0$$

$$400 + \frac{2}{4} \theta_B EI + \theta_C EI + \theta_C EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI$$

$$\frac{2}{4} \theta_B EI + 2\theta_C EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI = -400 \dots\dots\dots (2)$$



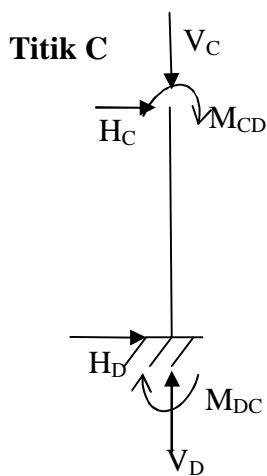
$$M_B = 0$$

$$-4H_A + M_{AB} + M_{BA} = 0$$

$$-4H_A + \frac{2\theta_B}{4} EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI + \theta_B EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI = 0$$

$$\frac{3\theta_B}{2} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{4} EI = 4H_A$$

$$H_A = \frac{3\theta_B}{8} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{16} EI$$



$$\sum M_C = 0$$

$$4H_D + M_{CD} + M_{DC} = 0$$

$$4H_D + \theta_C EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI + \frac{2\theta_C}{4} EI - \frac{6\Delta}{16} EI = 0$$

$$\frac{3\theta_C}{2} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{4} EI = -4H_D$$

$$H_D = -\frac{3\theta_C}{8} EI + \frac{3\Delta}{16} EI$$

$$\sum H = 0$$

$$H_A - H_D + 1000 = 0$$

$$\frac{3\theta_B}{8} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{16} EI + \frac{3\theta_C}{8} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{16} EI + 1000 = 0$$

$$\frac{3\theta_B}{8} EI + \frac{3\theta_C}{8} EI - \frac{3\Delta}{8} EI = -1000 \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan ke 3 persamaan diatas didapatkan:

$$\theta_B = \frac{17600}{21}$$

$$\theta_C = \frac{6400}{21}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{80000}{21}$$

Dengan didapatkan  $\theta_B, \theta_C, \Delta$  maka dapat dihitung pula persamaan  $M_{AB}, M_{BA}, M_{BC}, M_{CB}, M_{CD}, M_{DC}$ .

$$M_{AB} = -\frac{21200}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

$$M_{BA} = -\frac{12400}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

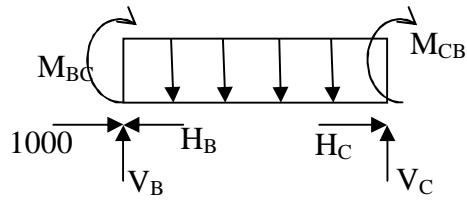
$$M_{BC} = \frac{12400}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{23600}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

$$M_{CD} = -\frac{23600}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

$$M_{DC} = -\frac{26800}{21} \text{ kgm}$$

## Tinjau Elemen 2



$$\sum M_C = 0$$

$$M_{BC} + M_{CB} + qL(0,5L) + 4V_B = 0$$

$$\frac{23600}{21} + \frac{12400}{21} - 300 \cdot 4(2) = -4V_B$$

$$V_B = 171,43 \text{ kg}$$

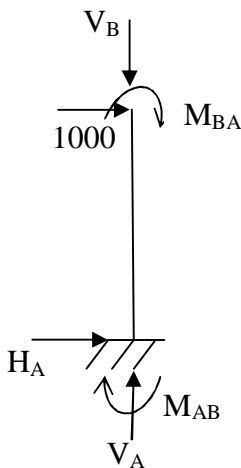
$$\sum M_C = 0$$

$$M_{BC} + M_{CB} + qL(0,5L) - 4V_C = 0$$

$$\frac{23600}{21} + \frac{12400}{21} + 300 \cdot 4(2) = 4V_C$$

$$V_C = 1028,57 \text{ kg}$$

## Tinjau elemen 1



$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$M_{AB} + M_{BA} - H_A \cdot 4 = 0$$

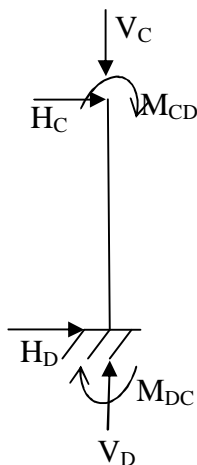
$$-\frac{21200}{21} - \frac{12400}{21} = 4H_A$$

$$H_A = -400 \text{ kg}$$

$$\sum V = 0$$

$$V_A = V_B = 171,43 \text{ kg}$$

## Tinjau elemen 3



$$\sum M_C = 0$$

$$M_{CD} + M_{DC} - H_D \cdot 4 = 0$$

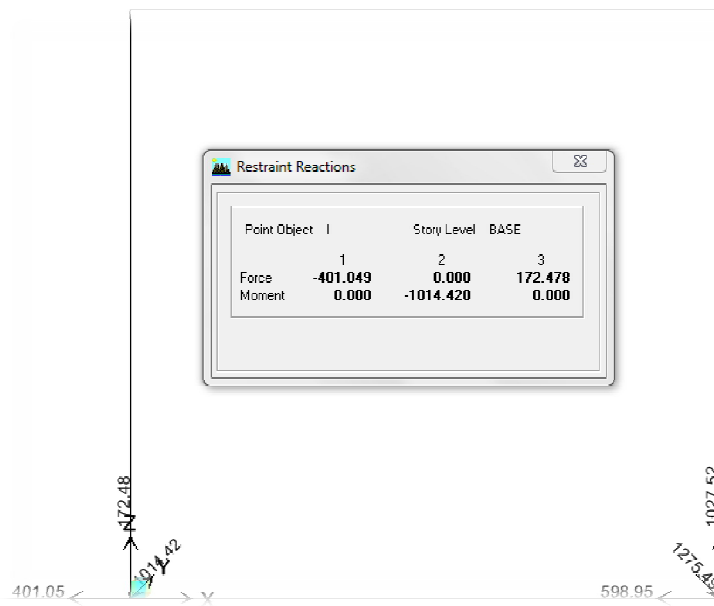
$$-\frac{23600}{21} - \frac{26800}{21} = 4H_D$$

$$H_D = -600 \text{ kg}$$

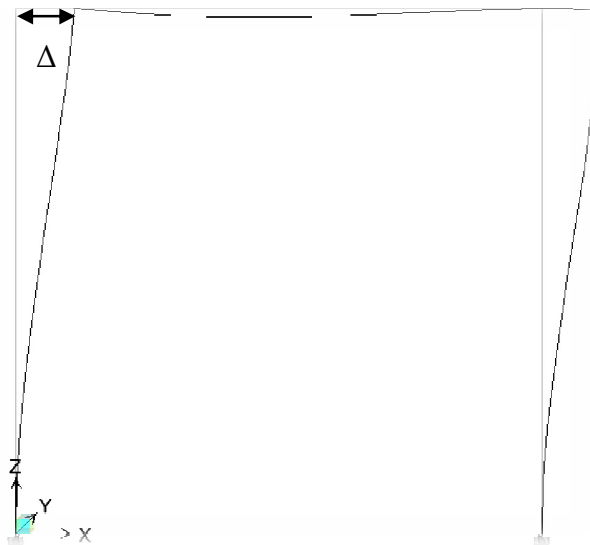
$$\sum V = 0$$

$$V_D = V_C = 1028,57 \text{ kg}$$





**Gambar L2.3 Reaksi Perletakkan ETABS**



**Gambar L2.4 Garis Elastisitas ETABS**

**Tabel L2.1 Hasil Verifikasi**

<b>Titik</b>	<b>Reaksi Perletakan</b>					
	<b>Manual</b>			<b>ETABS 9.7.2</b>		
	<b>Aksial (Kg)</b>	<b>Lintang (Kg)</b>	<b>Momen (Kg.m)</b>	<b>Aksial (Kg)</b>	<b>Lintang (Kg)</b>	<b>Momen (Kg.m)</b>
<b>A</b>	-400	171,43	1012,040	-401,05	172,48	1014,420
<b>D</b>	-600	1028,57	1275,585	598,95	1027,52	1275,493

**Tabel L2.2 Perbedaan Nilai Verifikasi**

<b>Titik</b>	<b>Perbedaan Nilai Reaksi Perletakan</b>		
	<b>Aksial (Kg)</b>	<b>Lintang (Kg)</b>	<b>Momen (Kg.m)</b>
<b>A</b>	1,05	1,05	2,38
<b>D</b>	1,05	1,05	0,092